### **HOT 304: Chief Scientist Report**

Chief Scientist: Dan Sadler R/V Ka'Imikai-O-Kanaloa

Cruise ID: KOK18-07

Departed: July 23, 2018 at 0700 (HST) Returned: July 27, 2018 at 0755 (HST) Vessel: **R/V** *Ka'Imikai-O-Kanaloa* Master of the Vessel: Ross Barnes

OTG Marine Technicians: Jeff Koch and Steve Tottori

#### 1. SCIENTIFIC OBJECTIVES

The objective of the cruise is to maintain a collection of hydrographic and biogeochemical data at the Hawaii Ocean Time-series (HOT) stations. Three stations will be occupied and during the cruise along with the recovery of the deep moored traps, events will occur in the following order:

- 1) Station 1, referred to as Station Kahe, is located at 21° 20.6'N, 158° 16.4'W and will be occupied on July 23<sup>rd</sup> for about 2 hours.
- 2) Station 2, referred to as Station ALOHA, is defined as a circle with a 6 nautical mile radius centered at 22° 45′N, 158°W. This is the main HOT station and will be occupied July 26<sup>4h</sup> 26<sup>th</sup>.
- 3) Station 52, the site of WHOTS-14 Mooring (anchor position 22° 40.01'N 157° 57.09'W) will be occupied on for about one hour on July 26<sup>th</sup>.
- 4) Station 6, referred to as Station Kaena, is located off Kaena Point at 21° 50.8'N, 158° 21.8'W and will be occupied on July 26<sup>th</sup> for about 2 hours.

Upon arrival to Station Kahe a ~1300 lb. weight-test cast to 500 m, one CTD cast to 1000 m, and a Hyperpro cast were to be conducted on the afternoon of July 23<sup>th</sup>. The single CTD cast was to be conducted to collect continuous profiles of various physical and chemical parameters. Water samples were to be collected at discrete depths for biogeochemical measurements. After these operations were satisfactorily completed, the ship was to proceed to Station ALOHA.

Upon arrival to Station ALOHA, a 1000 m CTD cast for preparation of the Primary Productivity Array was to be conducted followed by deployment of the WireWalker and the free-drifting sediment trap array. These two arrays were to stay in the water for about 54 hours. This was to be followed by the deployment of the free-drifting Primary Productivity Array to incubate *in situ* for 12 hours. A full-depth (~4740 m) CTD cast was to be conducted after the deployment of the Primary Production Array centered over Station ALOHA, followed by 1000 m CTD casts at strict 3 hour intervals for at least 36 hours for continuous and discrete data collection, ending with another full-depth CTD cast at 2300 on July 25<sup>th</sup>.

The lowered-ADCP was to collect current measurements on down- and up-cast. The LADCP, operating in single ping at 4 Hz, was to record measurements internally and data was to be downloaded after each cast via RS422 connection.

The free-drifting Gas array was to be deployed for 24 hours for incubation experiments on July 25<sup>h</sup>.

A plankton net was to be towed three times between 1000-1400, and three times between 2200-0200 for 30 minute intervals on July 24<sup>th</sup> and 25<sup>th</sup> at Station ALOHA.

The Hyperpro was to be deployed for a half-hour period near  $\sim$ 1400 on July 23<sup>th</sup>, 24<sup>th</sup>, and 26<sup>th</sup>. HOT-304 Chief Scientist Report

An optics package including a package consisting of a SeaBird Seacat with temperature, conductivity, fluorometer and pressure sensors, and a LISST particle size and distribution analyzer was to be used to profile the upper 200 m at Station ALOHA in the early morning on July 26<sup>th</sup>.

After the optics package and 36 hour burst period of CTD work at Station ALOHA was accomplished, the ship was to transit to recover the Gas array, the WireWalker and the Sediment Trap array on the morning of July 26<sup>th</sup>.

After recovering the arrays, , the ship was to transit to Station 52 to conduct a one-hour 200 m CTD yo-yo cast. The ship was to remain 0.25 nm, downwind and down current from Station 52, after completion of the CTD yo-yo to gather one hour of shipboard ADCP for comparison to WHOTS-14 ADCP data. Once operations at Station 52 were complete, the ship was to re-position within Station ALOHA to conduct a Hyperpro cast.

The ship was to proceed to Station 6 (Kaena) and perform a near bottom CTD cast then transit back to Honolulu Harbor, Pier 35.

The following instruments were to collect data throughout the cruise: shipboard ADCP, thermosalinograph, underway fluorometer, transmissometer, the meteorological package.

#### 2. SCIENCE PERSONNEL

Participant	Title	Affiliation	Citizen	ship
Karin Björkman	Scientist	UH		Sweden
Kendra Brooks	Research Associate	UH		USA
Macarena Burgos	Scientist	UCádiz		Spain
Robert Cacace	Student –Volunteer	Stockton Unive	ersity	USA
Carolina Funkey	Research Associate	UH		USA
Svetlana Naratov	Graduate Student	UH		USA
Dan Sadler-Chief Scientist	Research Associate	UH		USA
Fernando Santiago-Mandujano	Research Associate	UH		USA
Eric Shimabukuro	Research Associate	UH		USA
Michelle Smith	Biology Lecturer –Volunteer	WCC		USA
Jefrey Snyder	Marine Technician	UH		USA
Ryan Tabata	Research Associate	UH		USA
Kellie Teague	Graduate Student -Volunteer	HPU		USA
Ksenia Trifonova	Research Assistant	UH		Germany
Blake Watkins	Marine Engineer	UH		USA
Fernanda Henderikx Freitas	Scientist	UH		Brazil
Jeff Koch	Marine Technician	OTG		USA
Steve Tottori	Marine Technician	OTG		USA

#### GENERAL SUMMARY

All operations were completed at Station Kahe. Upon arrival at Station ALOHA, the WireWalker, sediment traps and primary production array were deployed and drifted slowly southwestward.

One 1000 m CTD cast was completed at Station Kahe. Two near bottom CTD casts, twelve 1000 m CTD casts, and one 200m CTD cast were conducted at Station ALOHA. One 5 cycle yoyo CTD cast to 200 m was completed near the WHOTS mooring (Station 52). A near bottom CTD cast was completed at Station Kaena.

Six net tows for the core HOT zooplankton collection were completed successfully; Three during the day and two during the night. The gas array was deployed and recovered.

All work was completed at Station 52 (WHOTS) and Station 6 (Kaena).

The ADCP, underway fluorometer, thermosalinograph, transmissometer and the ship's meteorological suite ran without interruption during the cruise.

Winds during the cruise were mostly from the NE with speeds of 10-18 kts. The seas were 2-5 ft.

#### 4. R/V Ka'Imikai-O-Kanaloa OFFICERS AND CREW, TECHNICAL SUPPORT

This was her last HOT cruise aboard the R/V *Ka'Imikai-O-Kanaloa*. We thank her for her many years supporting the HOT program. We also appreciate the support from Captain Barnes and the ship's crew as they provided us with a picture perfect cruise.

Technical support during this cruise was very good. OTG personnel were available to assist in our work during the cruise.

#### 5. DAILY REPORT OF ACTIVITIES (HST)

#### 23 July 2018

- 0712 Depart Pier 35
- 0730 Safety and Abandon Ship Drills
- 0800 Safety and Science Meeting
- 1020 Arrive St. Kahe
- 1023 Weight cast to 500 m
- 1113 Hyperpro
- 1224 Begin S1C1 CTD to 1000m
- 1329 End cast
- 1340 Transit to ALOHA

#### 24 July 2018

- 0005 Apex float deployed at 22° 35.49'N, 158° 02.95'W
- 0130 Begin S2C1 CTD to 200m
- 0205 End cast
- 0320 Deployed Wirewalker at 22° 6.23'N, 158° 01.79'W
- 0430 Deployed sediment traps at 22° 47.04'N, 158° 03.01'W
- 0530 Deploy PP array at 22° 45.12'N, 158° 01.83'W
- 0555 Begin S2C2 near bottom CTD cast
- 0926 End cast
- 1106 Begin S2C3 1000m CTD
- 1227 End cast

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- 1235 Net Tow
- 1310 Hyperpro
- 1412 Begin S2C4 1000m CTD
- 1516 End cast
- 1708 Begin S2C5 1000m CTD
- 1816 End cast
- 1817 Transit to PP array
- 1927 PP array recovered at 22° 44.02'N, 158° 04.09'W
- 2004 Begin S2C6 1000m CTD
- 2112 End cast
- 2200 Net Tow
- 2233 Net Tow
- 2313 Begin S2C7 CTD 1000m CTD

### 25 July 2018

- 0009 End cast
- 0156 Begin S2C8 CTD 1000m CTD
- 0303 End cast
- 0427 Gas array deployed at 22° 45.24'N, 157° 59.74'W
- 0447 Begin S2C9 CTD 1000m CTD
- 0610 End cast
- 0755 Begin S2C10 CTD 1000m CTD
- 0855 End cast
- 0908 Transit to pump tanks
- 1106 Begin S2C11 CTD 1000m CTD
- 1159 End cast
- 1203 Net tow
- 1240 Net tow
- 1354 Begin S2C12 CTD 1000m CTD
- 1503 End cast
- 1700 Begin S2C13 CTD 1000m CTD
- 1808 End cast
- 2000 Begin S2C14 CTD 1000m CTD
- 2058 End cast
- 2200 Net Tow
- 2258 Begin S2C15 CTD near bottom CTD

#### 26 July 2018

- 0222 End cast kink in wire
- 0306 Optics Cast package 1
- 0438 Optics Cast package 2
- 0518 Transit to Gas Array
- 0634 Begin Gas Array recovery
- 0640 Gas Array on board at 22° 41.93'N, 158° 04.64'W
- 0745 Begin Sediment Trap recovery
- 0804 Sediment trap array on board at 22° 41.66'N, 158° 11.40'W
- 0935 WireWalker recovered and on board at 22° 40.29'N, 158° 12.77'W
- 1207 Begin S52C1 CTD 200m 5 cycle yo-yo

- 1323 End cast
- 1336 Hyperpro
- 1414 Transit to Kaena
- 2140 Begin S6C1 CTD to near bottom
- 2335 End cast
- 2340 Transit to Honolulu

# 27 July 2018

0755 Arrive Pier 35

0815 Post-cruise meeting

# **HOT program sub-components:**

<b>Investigator</b> Dave Karl	Project Core Biogeochemistry	<b>Institution</b> UH
John Dore	Biogeochemistry QA/QC	MSU
Roger Lukas	Hydrography	UH
Mike Landry	Zooplankton dynamics	SIO
Ricardo Letelier	Optical measurements	OSU
Ancillary programs: Andrew Dickson	CO <sub>2</sub> dynamics and intercalibration	SIO
Paul Quay	DI <sup>13</sup> C	UW
Matthew McCarthy Tom Guilderson	Sediment trap samples to look at amino acid-based paleo proxies to examine propagation of exported production into coral polyps and skeletons.	UCSC
Matt Church	Diversity and activities of nitrogen-fixing microorganisms	UM/FLBS
Sam Wilson	Reduced gases in the upper ocean: The cycling of methane, sulfide and nitrous oxide.	UH
Sara Ferrón-Smith	Determination of gross primary production from the euphotic zone in situ, using the drifting primary production array	UH
Dave Caron	SCOPE: Protistan biodiversity, tropic activities, cultura	ing USC
Ed DeLong	SCOPE: DNA and Viral DNA collection, Single cell genomic flow cytometry sample collection	UH
Dan Repeta	SCOPE: DOM collection	WHOI
Angelique White	SCOPE: C-STAR, IFCB and LISST to record nano-plankton special diver	OSU
Grieg Steward	Three dimensional model system of mixotrophic Phytoplankton, its prey and a giant virus infecting then	UH n
Dave Karl	Mixing Experiment	UH
Karin Bjorkman & Sara Ferrón-Smith	Comparison of 14C-assimilation and gross O2 production, and effects on respiration at different light intensities.	UH