Hawaii Ocean Time-series HOT-296 Cruise Plan

Cruise ID: KM 17-15

Vessel: R/V *Kilo Moana*, University of Hawaii Master of the Vessel: Captain Gray Drewry

Chief Scientist: Fernando Santiago-Mandujano, University of Hawaii

OTG Marine Technicians: Jeff Koch, Steven Tottori

Marine Center phone number: (808) 842-9813 KM phone numbers (in port): 808-587-8566 / 67

KM cell phone: 808-864-0065

KM sat phone (voice): 011-870-773-234249 KM sat phone (fax): 011-870-783-2078

Loading: October 4, 2017 @0900

Departure: October 5, 2017 @0800 (Science personnel on board by 0700).

Arrival: October 9, 2017 @ 0800

Post Cruise Meeting: October, 9, 2017 @ 1000, Pier 35 Conference Room

1.0 SCIENTIFIC OBJECTIVES

The objective of the cruise is to maintain a collection of hydrographic and biogeochemical data at the Hawaii Ocean Time-series (HOT) stations. Four stations will be occupied during the cruise, in the following order:

- 1) Station 1, referred to as Station Kahe, is located at 21° 20.6'N, 158° 16.4'W and will be occupied on October 5th for about 2 hours.
- 2) Station 2, referred to as Station ALOHA, is defined as a circle with a 6 nautical mile radius centered at 22° 45'N, 158°W. This is the main HOT station and will be occupied October 6-8th.
- 3) Station 52, the site of WHOTS-14 Mooring (anchor position 22° 40.0154' N, 157° 57.0915' W) will be occupied on for about one hour on October 8th.
- 4) Station 6, referred to as Station Kaena, is located off Kaena Point at 21° 50.8'N, 158° 21.8'W and will be occupied on October 8th for about 2 hours.

1.1 SCIENTIFIC OPERATIONS

Station Activities

Kahe (Sta. 1) Weight Cast, Hyperpro cast, CTD cast (1000 m)

ALOHA (Sta. 2) Sediment traps, gas array, Wirewalker, net tows, CTD operations,

primary productivity measurements, optics casts, misc.

experiments. Apex profiler deployment.

WHOTS mooring station One CTD cast (yo-yo to 200 m), surface instrument

(Sta.52) inter-comparisons.

Underway/continuous ADCP, thermosalinograph, fluorometry, meteorology

2.0. SCIENCE PERSONNEL

Participant	Title	Affiliation	Citizenship
Karin Bjorkman	Scientist	UH	Sweden
Dan Sadler	Research Associate	UH	USA
Brenner Wai	Research Associate	UH	USA
Blake Watkins	Marine Engineer	UH	USA
Morgan Linney	Graduate Student	UH	USA
Tim Burrell	Research Associate	UH	New Zealand
Ryan Tabata	Research Associate	UH	USA
Donn Vivianni	Post-Doc	UH	USA
Paul Den Uyl	Research Associate	UH	USA
Pao Chi Hwang	Volunteer		USA
Gerarda Terlouw	Post Graduate Trainee	UH	The Netherlands
Eric Shimabukuro	Research Associate	UH	USA
Andrew King	Research Associate	UH	USA
Svetlana Naratov	Graduate Student	UH	USA
Fernando Santiago-Mandujano	Research Associate	UH	USA
Jefrey Snyder	Marine Technician	UH	USA
Paige Mino	Volunteer		USA
Garrett Hebert	Undergrad Student	UH	USA
Solange Duhamel	Scientist	Lamont-Doherty	France
Maria Del Carmen Munoz Marin	Scientist	Univ. of Cordoba	Spain
Fuyan Li	Scientist	UH	China
Benedetto Barone	Scientist	UH	Italy
Jeff Koch	Marine Technician	OTG	USA
Steven Tottori	Marine Technician	OTG	USA

3.0. SUMMARY SCHEDULE

28 September	Pre-cruise planning meeting 1330 hrs, Moore Conference Center, CMH
4 October	Ship loading at 0900 hrs.
5 October	Depart from Pier 35 at 0800 hrs. Science personnel on-board
	by 0700.
6 October	Station 1 Kahe Pt. operations.
6-8 October	Station ALOHA operations. Station 52 CTD yo-yo cast
8 October	Station Kaena operations. Near bottom CTD cast.
9 October	Arrive back to Pier 35. Full offload.
9 October	Post-cruise meeting at 1000 hrs. Pier 35.

4.0. OPERATIONAL PLANS

4.1. Station Kahe (21°20.6'N, 158°16.4'W)

A 1000 lb. weight-test cast to 1000m, and one CTD cast to 1000 m will be conducted at this location on October 5th. The ship's CTD crane and winch will be needed for these operations. After the operations are satisfactorily completed, the ship shall proceed to Station ALOHA.

4.2. Station ALOHA (22°45'N, 158°W with 6 nm radius)

4.2.1. On arrival at Station ALOHA, the sediment traps will be deployed (Sect. 4.2.2). After the sediment trap deployment is complete the Wirewalker will be deployed (Sect. 4.2.2.1). After these operations are completed, one 1000-m CTD cast will be conducted before deploying the Primary Productivity Array (Sect. 4.2.3). These operations will be followed by a near-bottom CTD cast.

4.2.2. Sediment trap array deployment

Upon arrival to Station ALOHA the floating sediment traps will be deployed at a location within Station ALOHA, to be determined by local current conditions. The array will be deployed from the starboard stern rail using the small crane and the Sea-Mac winch. After deployment we request that the bridge verify that the radio transmitters are functioning and directionally correct.

The array will drift for about 56 hours before recovery. The array is equipped with 1 ARGOS satellite transmitter (platform #: 60484), 1 Iridium (platform #: 200), strobe lights and a radio transmitter (channel 74: 156.725 MHz). Daily positions of the array shall be transmitted by email directly to the ship (argosfix@kok.soest.hawaii.edu), password: argosfix), therefore the ship will **not** need to keep within site of the array until the time of the recovery. Assistance from the bridge is requested in plotting the drift track of the array. We request the use of the ship's radio direction finder for locating the array before recovery.

After deployment of the sediment trap array, the ship shall prepare to deploy the wirewalker.

4.2.2.1 Wirewalker deployment

A Wirewalker (Del Mar Oceanographic) will be deployed at Station ALOHA to take hydrographic and optical observations in the upper 400 m of the water column. The instrument is about 1.5 m long and 0.6 m wide and about 30 Kg, with a 40 Kg bottom weight, and attached to a surface buoy with strobe light and Pacific Gyre positioning system (ID: DMO-GLBCN-0003 or DMO-GLBCN-0004), Xeos 51020, Iridium (platform #: 704320), and one Rockblock Beacon.

The Wirewalker will be deployed and recovered close to the sediment traps deployment and recovery, so that the two should drift in the same direction to reduce the transit time to recover them. The instrument will stay in the water for about 2 days. Deployment and recovery will be conducted from the back deck through the A-frame and using the SeaMac winch, each operation will take 30 to 60 min. Benedetto Barone will be in charge of this operation with 2 or 3 members of the science party. Two ABs will be required to operate the A-frame and winch respectively.

After deployment of the wirewalker, the ship shall prepare to deploy the Primary Productivity Array.

4.2.3. Primary production experiment

Samples for the primary productivity experiment will be collected from the rosette. Before dawn (Sunrise 0625 hrs on October 6th), a free drifting incubation array will be deployed from the starboard stern rail using the small crane and the Sea-Mac winch. The array is equipped with two ARGOS satellite transmitters (platform # 84857), Iridium (platform #: 100), strobe lights and a radio transmitter (channel 73: 156.675 MHz). Positions of the array will be emailed to argosfix@kok.soest.hawaii.edu, password: argosfix. The **ship shall keep within site of the array** while performing CTD operations for the last 6 hours of the approximately 12-hour time the array will be in the water unless the array drifts outside of the ALOHA circle. If the array drifts out of the circle, the ship should return inside the circle to conduct CTD casts, and the monitoring of the array will be coordinated with the watch leader. The array will be recovered just at sunset (1814 hrs). CTD operations shall continue after recovery. All radioactive waste generated by the experiment shall be returned to the University of Hawaii. Only qualified personnel shall handle radioactive material.

After deployment of the primary production array, the ship shall transit to the center of the station circle to conduct a near bottom CTD cast (approximately 4740 m).

4.2.4. Water column measurements

Vertical profiles of temperature, conductivity and dissolved oxygen will be made with an instrument package consisting of a Sea-Bird CTD attached to a 24-place rosette with 12 liter Bullister sampling bottles. We will need the ship's CTD crane and winch for these operations. Water samples for biogeochemical measurements will be collected on each cast. The cast after the deployment of the Primary Production Array shall be made to the near bottom (approximately 4740 m). Following this cast, a series of 1000-m casts shall be made continuously every 3 hours for a 36-hour period, ending with a second near-bottom cast. It is highly desired that this burst sampling be done without interruption and we request the ship to maintain position within the study area for that period of time, and repositioning to the center of the Station before each cast whenever possible.

Whenever pumping of the ship's tanks is needed, it must be conducted outside the circle that defines station ALOHA (Sect. 1.0). To avoid disruptions in the schedule, this operation should be coordinated with the chief scientist or the watch leaders (**Andrew King and Brenner Wai**).

4.2.5. Gas Array deployment

A free drifting incubation array will be deployed the third day of the cruise at Station ALOHA. Samples for the gas array will be collected from Station 2 CTD cast 8. The gas array will be deployed from the starboard stern rail using the small crane and the Sea-Mac winch. The array is equipped with two ARGOS satellite transmitters (platform # 84857), Iridium (platform #: 100), strobe lights and a radio transmitter (channel 73: 156.675 MHz). Positions of the array will be emailed to argosfix@kok.soest.hawaii.edu, password: argosfix. The ship will **not** need to keep within sight of the array until the time of the recovery, approximately 25 hours after its deployment. Assistance from the bridge is requested in plotting the drift track of the array.

4.2.6. Zooplankton net tows

A plankton net will be deployed from the stern and shall be towed for half-hour periods. Half-hour periods are scheduled around noon and midnight on the second, third, and fourth days (see schedule) for a total of six slots. The A-frame and small capstan will be needed for this operation. B. Watkins will be in charge of these operations.

4.2.7. Optics

An optical package consisting of a SeaBird Seacat with temperature, conductivity, fluorometer, and pressure sensors, and a LISST particle size and distribution analyzer will be deployed once during the cruise.

The yo-yo deployment will consist of three profile cycles to a target depth of 200 m. The downcast will be at a constant speed of 10 m/min and upcast at 20 m/min. The A-frame and capstan will be needed for this operation.

4.2.8. Automated Trace Element Sampler (ATE)

On the morning of October 7th, the ATE will be hand deployed off the back deck to a depth of 10 m to collect at Trace Metal Free Sample. The ATE will be recovered after 30 minutes in the water. The ATE is approximately 1' tall and 4'' in diameter, weighting 5 lbs.

If the ship has been stationary at ALOHA for previous cruise activities, it is requested that the ship steams approximately 10-15 minutes up current from current position prior to each ATE deployment to limit contamination of the trace metal sample from the ship's hull.

4.3. Gas Array, Wirewalker, and floating Sediment Trap Array recovery

In the morning of October 8th, after the optics cast has been completed, the ship shall transit for the recovery of the Gas Array. After the Gas Array is recovered, the ship shall transit to recover the Wirewalker. After the Wirewalker is recovered, the ship shall transit to recover the floating sediment trap array. After the sediment traps are recovered, the ship shall transit to Station 52 and conduct one 200 m CTD yo-yo cast.

4.4 Station 52 - WHOTS-14 Mooring

The anchor position of the WHOTS-14 mooring is 22° 40.0154' N, 157° 57.0915' W. The watch circle of the buoy is about 2 nautical miles. Generally, the buoy stays on the edge of the watch circle. The buoy can be detected via radar in good weather conditions but is harder to detect with larger sea states.

4.4.1 CTD yo-yo cast (subsurface instrument intercomparison)

One 200-m CTD yo-yo cast with at least 5 full cycles will be conducted near the WHOTS mooring on October 8th for subsurface instrument intercomparison. This cast should be conducted downwind, down current, and about 200 m from the mooring.

4.4.2 Surface instrument intercomparison

While on station, the ship's meteorological system shall be in operation for surface instrument intercomparisons with the WHOTS mooring. Once the yo-yo cast is completed, an Apex profiler will be deployed as the ship departs from Station ALOHA.

4.5. Apex profiler deployment

An Apex profiler (D. Swift, S. Riser, UW) will be deployed on October 8th after all operations at Station ALOHA have been completed. The profiler will be deployed from the back deck with a rope, as the ship departs the Station to prevent running over the instrument. Blake Watkins will be in charge of this operation. Once the Apex profiler is deployed, the ship shall transit to Station Kaena.

4.6. Station Kaena (21° 50.8'N, 158° 21.8'W)

A near-bottom CTD cast (~2500 m) will be conducted at this location in the evening of October 8th. Once the CTD cast is complete, the ship shall return to Pier 35.

4.7. Acoustic Doppler Current Profiler

The ship's acoustic Doppler current profiler (ADCP) will be in operation during the duration of the cruise. The OTG technicians will be in charge of the ADCP system.

4.8. Thermosalinograph, Fluorometer, and meteorological system

The ship's thermosalinograph, and fluorometer sampling the uncontaminated seawater supply system will be in operation during the duration of the cruise while the ship is outside of Pier 35 Harbor. Salinity samples to calibrate the thermosalinograph will be taken from the intake hose at 4-hour intervals throughout the duration of the cruise by the science personnel. The ship's meteorological system shall be in operation throughout the cruise. Access to real-time underway data through the ship's network will be required. The OTG technicians will be in charge of the thermosalinograph, Fluorometer, and meteorological suite operations.

5.0. EQUIPMENT

5.1. The HOT science party shall be bringing the following

- 1. Seabird CTD system, all sensors, deck boxes and computer CTD acquisition systems
- 2. Rosette and 24 12L Bullister sampling bottles, and all associated spare parts

- 3. Two 20 ft. laboratory vans (#23, and Flow Cytometer) with assorted equipment for radioisotope and general use. One 10 ft. blue storage van (PO) for equipment and spare storage.
- 4. Distilled, deionized water and all required chemicals and isotopes
- 5. Large vacuum waste containers
- 6. Liquid nitrogen dewar
- 7. Drifting sediment trap array with strobe lights, satellite and radio transmitters, floats, weights, line, sediment traps and crosses.
- 8. Drifting primary production array with strobe lights, satellite and radio transmitters, floats, weights, line primary production bottles and spreader bars.
- 9. Drifting net trap array with strobe lights, satellite and radio transmitters, floats, weights, line, framed net, acoustic release and pinger.
- 10. Drifting diazotrophy growth rate array with strobe lights, satellite and radio transmitters, floats, weights, line, 4 L bottles and long mounting bars.
- 11. Drifting gas array with strobe lights, satellite and radio transmitters, floats, weights, line, 4 L bottles and short mounting bars.
- 12. Oxygen titration system
- 13. Plankton nets and towing lines
- 14. Desktop and laptop personal computers
- 15. Assorted tools
- 16. All required sampling bottles
- 17. Deck incubation system (1- dark incubator)
- 18. Pertinent MSDS
- 19. Chest Freezer (22 cubic inch)
- 20. Wirewalker
- 21. Blue incubator
- 22. Apex profiler
- 5.2. We will need the use of the following ship's equipment:
 - 1. A-frame
 - 2. A-frame block assembly
 - 3. CTD winch
 - 4. Electric power
 - -440/480 VAC, 3 phase 60Hz, 60amp for winches
 - -208 VAC single phase at 60 amps for lab vans
 - 5. Space on the back deck for one 10 ft van (Blue Equipment van)
 - 6. Space on upper deck for two vans (Flow cytometer and #23)
 - 7. Space on deck for ~6 deck baskets of array gear
 - 8. Space on back deck for sea water incubators
 - 9. Small capstan (~ 10 m/min)
 - 10. SeaMac Winch
 - 11. Radio direction finder
 - 12. Hand-held VHF transceivers
 - 13. Shackles, sheaves, hooks and lines
 - 14. Precision depth recorder
 - 15. Shipboard Acoustic Doppler Current Profiler
 - 16. Thermosalinograph, pCO₂ system, and Fluorometer
 - 17. Meteorological suite
 - 18. Grappling hooks and line
 - 19. Navlink2 PC or equivalent
 - 20. Running fresh water and seawater, hoses
 - 21. Uncontaminated seawater supply

- 22. -80°C Freezer
- 23. 4°C Refrigerator and -20°C Freezer
- 24. Distilled, deionized water system
- 25. Electronic mail system
- 26. GPS system
- 27. Underway/on-station data acquisition system for meteorological instruments, ADCP, thermosalinograph, fluorometer, and access to real-time data through the network.
- 28. OTG's 24-place rosette, and 24 12-l water sampling bottles (to be used as spare)
- 29. ~1300 lb weight
- 30. Remote CTD dbar pressure display in the winch operator area.
- 31. Monitor in CTD Lab displaying ship coordinates, bottom depth and GMT.
- 32. OTG's transmissometer

Ship:	R/V Kilo Moana	HOT 296 CTD CASTS	Date: October 5-9, 20	Date: October 5-9, 2017	
Cast		Samples		#Bottles	
Kahe s1c1	Pt. 1000 m	O ₂ , Temp, DIC/Alk, Nuts, Chl a, LLN, LLP, Salts		24	
Station s2c1	n ALOHA 1000 m	Primary Production, SF-S(pb on PP bo	ttles), SD(2@DCM), Salts	22	
s2c2	4740 m (PO-1)	O2, Temp, DOC, DIC/Alk, Nuts, Salts		24	
s2c3	1000 m (PO-2)	O2, Temp, DOC, DIC/Alk, Nuts, Salts		24	
s2c4	1000 m	PC/PN, DNA(1@5,25,45,75), SD(2@DCM), DV(1@5), Salts		21	
s2c5	1000 m	PPO4, SF-S(1@5, 25), PO(6@1000),	Salts	22	
s2c6	1000 m (BEACH)	O ₂ , Temp, DIC/Alk, Nuts, LLN, LLP, DOC, Keeling, Quay, Salts, SF-S(1@5,pb@25)		24	
s2c7	1000 m	PUR, SF-S(1@5, 25), DNA(1@,100,125,150,175), Salts		16	
s2c8	1000 m	Gas Array(3@5,25,45,75,100,125), SF	S-S(1@5, 25), Salts	22	
s2c9	1000 m	DNA(1@200,225,250,275), SF-S(1@5GT(2@25), FL(3@150,175), Salts	5,25),	16	
s2c10	1000 m	PSi, SF-S(1@5, 25), KW-B(1@5,25,45), FL(3@100,125), Salts		23	
s2c11	1000 m	SF-S(1@5, 25), FL(3@5,25,45,75), PO(6@1000), Salts		22	
s2c12	1000 m	ATP, DNA(2@300,400,500,770), SF-5	S(1@5, 25), SD(2@DCM), Salts	23	
s2c13	1000 m	SW(1@5,25,45,75,100,125,150,175, 200,250,300,350,400,600, 800), SF-S(pb SW 1@5, 25), MC (pb @5, 25, 45, 75, 100, 125, 150, 175), GT(2@25), Salts		19	
s2c14	1000 m	HPLC, Chl a, ML(2@25,75), Salts		18	
s2c15	4740 m (PO-3)	Oxygen, DNA(1@1000,2000,3000,4000), Salts		12	
WHO 's52c1	TS Mooring 200 m yo-yo	DIC/TA(1@5), KW-B(1@5,25,45), D	V(1@DCM), Salts	5	

MC=Matt Church, SW=Sam Wilson, SF-S=Sara Ferrón-Smith, GT=Gerianne Terlouw KW-B=Kate Watkins-Brandt, TC=Tara Clemente SD=Solange Duhamel, ML=Morgan Linney FL=Fuyan Li, DV=Donn Vivianni, PO=PO group Salinity Substandard

13

Chl a, Salts

Kaena

2400 m

Ship: R/V Kilo Moana HOT 296 Date: October 5-9, 2017

TIME	Thursday 10/5	Friday 10/6	Saturday 10/7	Sunday 10/8	Monday 10/9
0000		Deploy Sed Traps			Transit Pier 35
0100		Deploy Wirewalker			
0200		S2C1 PP	S2C8 GAS		
0300				Optics	
0400		Deploy PP Array	Deploy Gas Array		
0500			S2C9 OPEN	Transit gas array	
0600		S2C2 PO-1		Recover gas array	
0700				Transit Wirewalker	
0800	Depart Pier 35		S2C10 PSi	Recover Wirewalker	Arrive Pier 35
0900				Transit Sed traps Recover Sed traps	
1000			ATE	Transit St. 52	
1100	Arrive Kahe (11:30) Weight cast	S2C3 PO-2 (Begin 36 hr)	S2C11 Open		
1200	S1C1 Kahe	Net Tow	Net Tow Net Tow	S52C1 WHOTS	
1300				Deploy Apex profiler	
1400	Transit ALOHA	S2C4 PC/PN	S2C12 ATP	Transit St. Kaena	
1500					
1600					
1700		S2C5 PPO4	S2C13 OPEN		
1800		Recover PP array			
1900					
2000		S2C6 BEACH	S2C14 HPLC	S6C1 Kaena	
2100					
2200		Net Tow Net Tow	Net Tow		
2300	Arrive ALOHA	S2C7 PUR	S2C15 PO-3 (end 36 hours)		

October 6th: Sunrise 0625, Sunset 1814

6.0 HOT-296 Watch Schedule

0300-1500

Dan Sadler – *Water Boss*Eric Shimabukuro – *Alt. Tag*Donn Vivianni – *Tag*Pao-Chi Hwang
Jefrey Snyder – *Tag*Andrew King – *Console* - Watch Leader
Paige Mino

1500-0300

Brenner Wai – Water Boss - Watch Leader Morgan Linney Ryan Tabata – TagTim Burrell – Alt. TagFernando Santiago-Mandujano – Alt. TagSvetlana Naratov – ConsoleGarrett Hebert – Tag

0900-2100

Paul Den Uyl

At Large

Blake Watkins
Karin Bjorkman
Gerianne Terlouw
Benedetto Barone
Solange Duhamel
Maria Del Carmen Munoz Marin
Fuyan Li

OTG

Jeff Koch Steven Tottori