Hawaii Ocean Time-series HOT-295 Cruise Plan

Cruise ID: KOK 17-12 Vessel: R/V *Ka'Imikai-O-Kanaloa*, University of Hawaii Master of the Vessel: Captain Mike Hoshlyk Chief Scientist: Tara M. Clemente, University of Hawaii OTG Marine Technicians: Trevor Young, Julianna Diehl

Marine Center phone number: (808) 842-9813 KOK phone number: (808) 842-9818 KOK Cell number: (808) 690-5393 KOK Satellite Phone Numbers: 011-870-773-233658

Tara M. Clemente Cell Number: (808)389-0544

Loading: August 4, 2017 @ 0900 Departure: August 7, 2017 @ 0730 (**Science personnel on board by 0700**). Arrival: August 11, 2017 @ 0800 Post-Cruise Meeting: August 11, 2017 @ 1000 (Pier 35).

1.0 SCIENTIFIC OBJECTIVES

The objective of the cruise is to maintain a collection of hydrographic and biogeochemical data at the Hawaii Ocean Time-series (HOT) stations. Four stations will be occupied during the cruise, in the following order:

- 1) Station 1, referred to as Station Kahe, is located at 21° 20.6'N, 158° 16.4'W and will be occupied on August 7th for about 2 hours.
- 2) Station 2, referred to as Station ALOHA, is defined as a circle with a 6 nautical mile radius centered at 22° 45'N, 158°W. This is the main HOT station and will be occupied August 8-10th.
- 3) Station 52, the site of WHOTS-14 Mooring (anchor position 22° 40.0154'N, 157° 57.0915' W) will be occupied on for about one hour on August 10th.
- 4) Station 6, referred to as Station Kaena, is located off Kaena Point at 21° 50.8'N, 158° 21.8'W and will be occupied on August 10th for about 2 hours.

1.1 SCIENTIFIC OPERATIONS

<u>Station</u>	Activities
Kahe (Sta. 1)	Weight Cast, Hyperpro cast, CTD cast (1000 m)
ALOHA (Sta. 2)	Sediment traps, gas array, net tows, CTD operations, primary productivity measurements, optics casts, misc. experiments.
WHOTS mooring station	One CTD cast (yo-yo to 200 m), surface instrument
(Sta.52)	inter-comparisons.
Kaena (sta. 6)	One CTD cast (near bottom)
Underway/continuous	ADCP, thermosalinograph, fluorometry, meteorology

2.0. SCIENCE PERSONNEL

Participant	Title	Affiliation	Citizenship
Karin Bjorkman	Research Scientist	UH	Sweden
Lance Fujieki	Research Associate	UH	USA
Eric Grabowski	Research Associate	UH	USA
Donn Viviani	Post- Doc	UH	USA
Brenner Wai	Research Associate	UH	USA
Blake Watkins	Marine Engineer	UH	USA
Tim Burrell	Research Associate	UH	New Zealand
Tara Clemente	Research Associate	UH	USA
Eric Shimabukuro	Research Associate	UH	USA
Ryan Tabata	Research Associate	UH	USA
Andrew King	Research Associate	UH	USA
Svetlana Naratov	Graduate Student	UH	USA
Kellen Rosburg	Research Associate	UH	USA
Jefrey Snyder	Marine Technician	UH	USA
Kelsey Maloney	Undergraduate Student	UH	USA
Ian Van Buskirk	Research Intern	UH	USA
Gerarda Terlouw	Post Graduate Trainee	UH	The Netherlands
Chris Follett	Research Scientist	MIT	USA
Julianna Diehl	Marine Technician	OTG	USA
Trevor Young	Marine Technician	OTG	USA

3.0. SUMMARY SCHEDULE

31 July 4 August	Pre-cruise planning meeting 1330 hrs, Moore Conference Center, CMH Ship loading at 0900 hrs.
7 August	Depart from Pier 35 at 0730 hrs. Science personnel on-board by 0700.
7 August	Station 1 Kahe Pt. operations.
8-10 August	Station ALOHA operations. Station 52 CTD yo-yo cast, Station Kaena Arrive back to Pier 35. Full offload.
11 August 11 August	Post-cruise meeting at 1000 hrs. Pier 35.

4.0. OPERATIONAL PLANS

4.1. Station Kahe (21°20.6'N, 158°16.4'W)

A 1000 lb. weight-test cast to 1000m, one CTD cast to 1000 m and a Hyperpro cast (Sect. 4.2.7) will be conducted at this location on August 7th. The ship's CTD crane and winch will be needed for these operations. After the operations are satisfactorily completed, the ship shall proceed to Station ALOHA.

4.2. Station ALOHA (22°45'N, 158°W with 6 nm radius)

4.2.1. Upon arrival to Station ALOHA, one 200-m cast will be conducted to collect water for the Primary Production Array. After completing the CTD cast the ship shall prepare to deploy the sediment traps (Sect. 4.2.2). After the sediment trap deployment is complete, the Primary Productivity Array (Sect. 4.2.3) will be deployed. These operations will be followed by a near-bottom CTD cast.

4.2.2. Sediment trap array deployment

Upon arrival to Station ALOHA and completion of the primary production CTD cast, the floating sediment traps will be deployed at a location within Station ALOHA, to be determined by local current conditions. The array will be deployed from the starboard stern rail using the small crane and the Sea-Mac winch. After deployment we request that the bridge verify that the radio transmitters are functioning and directionally correct. The Sediment Trap array will consist of two crosses with 12 particle interceptor traps (PIT) each at 150m and one McLane conical Sediment Trap at 500m.

The array will drift for about 56 hours before recovery. The array is equipped with 1 ARGOS satellite transmitter (platform #: 60484), 1 Iridium (platform #: 200), strobe lights and a radio transmitter (channel 74: 156.725 MHz). Daily positions of the array shall be transmitted by email directly to the ship (argosfix@kok.soest.hawaii.edu, password: argosfix), therefore the ship will **not** need to keep within site of the array until the time of the recovery. Assistance from the bridge is requested in plotting the drift track of the array. We request the use of the ship's radio direction finder for locating the array before recovery.

After deployment of the sediment trap array, the ship shall prepare to deploy the Primary Productivity Array.

4.2.3 Primary production experiment

Samples for the primary productivity experiment will be collected from the rosette. Before dawn (Sunrise 0606 hrs on August 8th), a free drifting incubation array will be deployed from the starboard stern rail using the small crane and the Sea-Mac winch. The array is equipped with 1 ARGOS satellite transmitter (platform #: 84857), 1 Iridium (platform #: 100), strobe lights and a radio transmitter (channel 74: 156.675 MHz). Positions of the array will be emailed to argosfix@kok.soest.hawaii.edu, , password: argosfix. The **ship shall keep within site of the array** while performing CTD operations for the last 6 hours of the approximately 12-hour time the array will be in the water unless the array drifts outside of the ALOHA circle. If the array drifts out of the circle, the ship should return inside the circle to conduct CTD casts, and the monitoring of the array will be coordinated with the watch leader. The array will be recovered just at sunset (1909 hrs). CTD operations shall continue after recovery. All radioactive waste generated by the experiment shall be returned to the University of Hawaii. Only qualified personnel shall handle radioactive material.

After deployment of the Primary Production Array, the ship shall head to the center of Station ALOHA for CTD S2C2.

4.2.4. Water column measurements

Vertical profiles of temperature, conductivity and dissolved oxygen will be made with an instrument package consisting of a Sea-Bird CTD attached to a 24-place rosette with 12 liter Bullister sampling bottles. We will need the ship's CTD crane and winch for these operations. Water samples for biogeochemical measurements will be collected on each cast. The cast after the deployment of the Primary Production Array shall be made to the near bottom (approximately 4740 m). Following this cast, a series of 1000-m casts shall be made continuously every 3 hours for a 36-hour period, ending with a second near-bottom cast. It is highly desired that this burst sampling be done without interruption and we request the ship to maintain position within the study area for that period of time, and repositioning to the center of the Station before each cast whenever possible.

Whenever pumping of the ship's tanks is needed, it must be conducted outside the circle that defines station ALOHA (Sect. 1.0). To avoid disruptions in the schedule, this operation should be coordinated with the chief scientist or the watch leaders (Jefrey Snyder and Karin Bjorkman).

4.2.5. Gas Array deployment

A free drifting incubation array will be deployed on the third day of the cruise at Station ALOHA. Samples for the gas array will be collected from Station 2 CTD cast 8. The gas array will be deployed from the starboard stern rail using the small crane and the Sea-Mac winch. The array is equipped with 1

ARGOS satellite transmitter (platform #: 84857), 1 Iridium (platform #: 100), strobe lights and a radio transmitter (channel 74: 156.675 MHz). Positions of the array will be emailed to argosfix@kok.soest.hawaii.edu, password: argosfix. The ship will **not** need to keep within sight of the array until the time of the recovery, approximately 25 hours after its deployment. Assistance from the bridge is requested in plotting the drift track of the array.

4.2.6. Zooplankton net tows

A plankton net will be deployed from the stern and shall be towed for half-hour periods. Halfhour periods are scheduled around noon and midnight on the second, third, and fourth days (see schedule) for a total of six slots. The A-frame and small capstan will be needed for this operation. B. Watkins will be in charge of these operations.

4.2.7. Hyperpro

The Hyperpro is a profiling unit with one up-looking and one down-looking hyperspectral radiometer, a WET Labs ECO-BB2F triplet (measuring Chlorophyll-a fluorescence and backscattering in the blue and red wavelengths), temperature and conductivity sensors. This instrument also incorporates a ship mounted surface radiometer. Around 1400 on the first, second and fourth days, the Hyperpro will be deployed from the stern through a small block hung from the A-frame. The instrument is lowered and retrieved by hand. Each deployment will consist of two profiles and one yo-yo (5 x 20m) before the instrument is retrieved.

4.2.8. Optics

An optical package consisting of a SeaBird Seacat with temperature, conductivity, fluorometer, and pressure sensors, and a LISST particle size and distribution analyzer will be deployed once during the cruise.

The yo-yo deployment will consist of three profile cycles to a target depth of 200 m. The downcast will be at a constant speed of 10 m/min and upcast at 20 m/min. The A-frame and capstan will be needed for this operation.

4.2.9. Automated Trace Element Sampler (ATE)

On the morning of August 9th, the ATE will be hand deployed off the back deck to a depth of 10 m to collect at Trace Metal Free Sample. The ATE will be recovered after 30 minutes in the water. The ATE is approximately 1' tall and 4'' in diameter, weighting 5 lbs.

If the ship has been stationary at ALOHA for previous cruise activities, it is requested that the ship steams approximately 10-15 minutes up current from current position prior to each ATE deployment to limit contamination of the trace metal sample from the ship's hull.

4.3. Gas Array and Sediment Trap Array recovery

In the morning of August 10th, after the optics cast has been completed, the ship shall transit for the recovery of the Gas Array. The small crane and the Sea-Mac winch will be needed to retrieve the arrays. After the Gas Array is recovered, the ship shall transit to recover the floating sediment trap array. After the sediment traps are recovered, the ship shall transit to Station 52 and conduct one 200 m CTD yo-yo cast.

4.4 Station 52 - WHOTS-14 Mooring

The anchor position of the WHOTS-14 mooring is 22° 40.0154'N, 157° 57.0915' W. The watch circle of the buoy is about 2 nautical miles. Generally, the buoy stays on the edge of the watch circle. The buoy can be detected via radar in good weather conditions but is harder to detect with larger sea states.

4.4.1 CTD yo-yo cast (subsurface instrument intercomparison)

One 200-m CTD yo-yo cast with at least 5 full cycles will be conducted near the WHOTS mooring on August 10th for subsurface instrument intercomparison. This cast should be conducted downwind, down current, and about 200 m from the mooring.

4.4.2 Surface instrument intercomparison

While on station, the ship's meteorological system shall be in operation for surface instrument intercomparisons with the WHOTS mooring. Once the yo-yo cast is completed, a Hyperpro cast will be conducted within the circle that defines Station ALOHA. Once the Hyperpro cast is completed, the ship will transit to Station Kaena.

4.5. Station Kaena (21° 50.8'N, 158° 21.8'W)

A near-bottom CTD cast (~2500 m) will be conducted at this location in the evening of August 10^{th} . Once the CTD cast is complete, the ship shall return to Pier 35.

4.7. Acoustic Doppler Current Profiler

The ship's acoustic Doppler current profiler (ADCP) will be in operation during the duration of the cruise. The OTG technicians will be in charge of the ADCP system.

4.8. Thermosalinograph, *p*CO₂ system, Fluorometer, and meteorological system

The ship's thermosalinograph, pCO_2 system, and fluorometer sampling the uncontaminated seawater supply system will be in operation during the duration of the cruise while the ship is outside of Pier 35 Harbor. Salinity samples to calibrate the thermosalinograph will be taken from the intake hose at 4-hour intervals throughout the duration of the cruise by the science personnel. The ship's meteorological system shall be in operation throughout the cruise. Access to real-time underway data through the ship's network will be required. The OTG technicians will be in charge of the thermosalinograph, pCO_2 system, Fluorometer, and meteorological suite operations.

5.0. EQUIPMENT

5.1. The HOT science party shall be bringing the following

- 1. Seabird CTD system, all sensors, deck boxes and computer CTD acquisition systems
- 2. Rosette and 24 12L Bullister sampling bottles, and all associated spare parts
- 3. Three 20 ft. laboratory vans (#23, SCOPE and the FCM equipment van) with assorted equipment for radioisotope and general use.
- 4. Distilled, deionized water and all required chemicals and isotopes
- 5. Large vacuum waste containers
- 6. Liquid nitrogen dewar
- 7. Drifting sediment trap array with strobe lights, satellite and radio transmitters, floats, weights, line, sediment traps and crosses.
- 8. Drifting primary production array with strobe lights, satellite and radio transmitters, floats, weights, line primary production bottles and spreader bars.
- 9. Drifting gas array with strobe lights, satellite and radio transmitters, floats, weights, line, 4 L bottles and short mounting bars.
- 10. Hyperpro and other optical measuring instruments.
- 11. Oxygen titration system
- 12. Plankton nets and towing lines
- 13. Desktop and laptop personal computers
- 14. Assorted tools
- 15. All required sampling bottles
- 16. Pertinent MSDS

17. Chest Freezer (22 cubic inch)

5.2. We will need the use of the following ship's equipment:

- 1. A-frame
- 2. A-frame block assembly
- 3. CTD winch
- 4. Electric power

-440/480 VAC, 3 phase 60Hz, 60amp for winches

-208 VAC single phase at 60 amps for lab vans

- 5. Space on the main deck in the hanger for one laboratory van (#23)
- 6. Space on upper deck for two vans (SCOPE and Blue PO Van)
- 7. Space on deck for ~5 deck baskets of array gear
- 8. Small capstan (~ 10 m/min)
- 9. SeaMac Winch
- 10. Radio direction finder
- 11. Hand-held VHF transceivers
- 12. Shackles, sheaves, hooks and lines
- 13. Precision depth recorder
- 14. Shipboard Acoustic Doppler Current Profiler
- 15. Thermosalinograph, pCO₂ system, and Fluorometer
- 16. Meteorological suite
- 17. Grappling hooks and line
- 18. Navlink2 PC or equivalent
- 19. Running fresh water and seawater, hoses
- 20. Uncontaminated seawater supply
- 21. -80°C Freezer
- 22. 4°C Refrigerator and -20°C Freezer
- 23. Distilled, deionized water system
- 24. Electronic mail system
- 25. GPS system
- 26. Underway/on-station data acquisition system for meteorological instruments, ADCP, thermosalinograph, fluorometer, and access to real-time data through the network.
- 27. OTG's 24-place rosette, and 24 12-l water sampling bottles (to be used as spare)
- 28. ~1300 lb weight
- 29. Remote CTD dbar pressure display in the winch operator area.
- 30. Monitor in Rock Lab displaying ship coordinates, bottom depth and GMT.
- 31. OTG's transmissometer

Ship:R/V Ka'Imikai-O-Kanaloa

HOT 295 CTD CASTS

Date: August 7-11, 2017

	Cast	Samples		
<u>Kahe</u> s1c1	<u>Рt.</u> 1000 m	O ₂ , Temp, DIC/Alk, Nuts, Chl a, LLN, LLP, DOC, FCM, Salts	24	
<u>Statio</u> s2c1	<u>n ALOHA</u> 200 m	Primary Production, SF-S(pb 3@ 5, 25, 45, 75, 100, 125), Salts	22	
s2c2	4740 m (PO-1)	O2, Temp, DOC, DIC/Alk, Nuts, Salts	24	
s2c3	1000 m (PO-2)	O ₂ , Temp, DOC, DIC/Alk, Nuts, Salts	24	
s2c4	1000 m	PC/PN, DNA(1@5,25,45,75), Salts	18	
s2c5	1000 m	PPO4, SF-S(1@5, 25), Salts	16	
s2c6	1000 m (BEACH)	O ₂ , Temp, DIC/Alk, Nuts, LLN, LLP, DOC, Keeling, Quay, Salts, SF-S(1@5,pb@25)		
s2c7	1000 m	PUR, SF-S(1@5, 25), DNA(1@,100,125,150,175), Salts	16	
s2c8	1000 m	Gas Array(3@5,25,45,75,100,125), SF-S(1@5, 25), Salts	22	
s2c9	1000 m	DNA(1@200,225,250,275), SF-S(1@5, 25), MC (1@5, 25, 45, 75, 100, 125, 150, 175), Salts		
s2c10	1000 m	PSi, SF-S(1@5, 25), KW-B(1@5,25,45), Salts	15	
s2c11	1000 m	SF-S(1@5, 25), GT (1@5,25,45,75,100,125), Salts	10	
s2c12	1000 m	ATP, DNA(2@300,400,500,770), SF-S(1@5, 25), Salts		
s2c13	1000 m	SW(1@5,25,45,75,100,125,150,175, 200, 300, 400, 800), SF-S(pb SW 1@5, 25), Salts		
s2c14	1000 m	HPLC, Chl a, Salts		
s2c15	4740 m (PO-3)	Oxygen, DNA(1@1000,2000,3000,4000), Salts	12	
<u>WHO</u> s52c1	TS Mooring 200 m yo-yo	DIC/TA(1@5), KW-B(1@5,25,45), GT (2@25 and 1 @ 5, 45, 75, 100, 125 150, 175, 200, 250, 300, 400), ML (5 @ 25)	i, 22	
<u>Kaena</u> s6c1	a 2400 m	Chl a, Salts	13	

MC=Matt Church, SW=Sam Wilson, SF-S=Sara Ferrón-Smith, GT=Gerianne Terlouw KW-B=Kate Watkins-Brandt, ML=Morgan Linney HOT 295

Date: August 7-11, 2017

TIME	Mon. 8/7	Tues. 8/8	Wed. 8/9	Thurs. 8/10	Fri 8/11
0000					Transit Pier 35
0100		Arrive ALOHA (0200)			
0200		S2C1 PP	S2C8 GAS		
0300		Deploy Sed Traps		Optics	
0400			Deploy Gas Array		
0500		Deploy PP Array	S2C9 OPEN	Transit gas array	
0600				Recover gas array	
0700	Depart Pier 35	S2C2 PO-1		Transit Sed traps	
0800			S2C10 PSi	Recover Sed traps	Arrive Pier 35
0900	Arrive Kahe (10:00)			Transit St. 52	
1000	Weight cast		ATE		
1100	Hyperpro	S2C3 PO-2 (Begin 36 hr)	S2C11 Open	S52C1 WHOTS	
1200	S1C1 Kahe	Net Tow	Net Tow Net Tow	Hyperpro	
1300	Transit ALOHA	Hyperpro			
1400		S2C4 PC/PN	S2C12 ATP		
1500				Transit St. Kaena	
1600					
1700		S2C5 PPO4	S2C13 OPEN		
1800					
1900		Recover PP array			
2000		S2C6 BEACH	S2C14 HPLC	S6C1 Kaena	
2100					
2200		Net Tow Net Tow	Net Tow		
2300		S2C7 PUR	S2C15 PO-3 (end 36 hours)		

August 8th: Sunrise 0606, Sunset 1909

6.0 HOT-295 Watch Schedule

0300-1500

Jefrey Snyder – Watch Leader – *Tag* Svetlana Naratov – *Console* Brenner Wai – *Water Boss* Eric Grabowski – *Tag* Lance Fujieki – *Alt. Tag* Tara Clemente – Chief Scientist Tim Burrell – *Alt. Tag*

1500-0300

Karin Bjorkman – Watch Leader – *Water Boss* Andrew King – *Console* Kellen Rosburg – *Tag* Donn Viviani – *Tag* Eric Shimabukuro – *Alt. Tag* Ryan Tabata – *Alt. Tag* Ian Van Buskirk – *Alt. Tag*

0900-2100

Kelsey Maloney

At Large

Blake Watkins Gerianne Terlouw Chris Follett

OTG

Trevor Young Julianna Diehl