Hawaii Ocean Time-series HOT-220 Operational Cruise Plan

Cruise ID: KOK10-07 Vessel: R/V *Ka'Imikai-O-Kanaloa*, University of Hawaii Master of the Vessel: Captain Ross Barnes Chief Scientist: Fernando Santiago-Mandujano, University of Hawaii OTG Marine Technicians: Justin Smith and Jenny White

Marine Center phone number: 842-9813 KOK phone number: 842-9818 KOK Cell number: 722-0839

Loading: April 1, 2010 Departure: April 5, 2010 @ **0800** Arrival: April 9, 2010 @ 0800

1.0 SCIENTIFIC OBJECTIVES

The objective of the cruise is to maintain a collection of hydrographic and biogeochemical data at the Hawaii Ocean Time-series (HOT) stations. Four stations will be occupied during the cruise, in the following order:

- 1) Station 1, referred to as Station Kahe, is located at 21° 20.6'N, 158° 16.4'W and will be occupied on the first day of the cruise for about 2 hours.
- Station 2, referred to as Station ALOHA is defined as a circle with a 6 nautical mile radius centered at 22° 45'N, 158°W. This is the main HOT station and will be occupied during the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th days of the cruise.
- 3) Station 52, the site of WHOTS Mooring, located at 22° 39.989'N, 157° 56.961'W will be occupied on the 4th day of the cruise for about one hour.
- 4) Station 6, referred to as Station Kaena, is located off Kaena Point at 21° 50.8'N, 158° 21.8'W and will be occupied on the 4th day of the cruise for about 2 hours.

1.1 SCIENTIFIC OPERATIONS

<u>Station</u>	Activities
Kahe (sta. 1)	Weight Cast, Hyperpro cast, CTD cast (1000 m)
ALOHA (sta. 2)	Sediment traps, gas array, net tows, CTD operations, primary productivity measurements, AC9, misc. experiments.
WHOTS mooring station	One CTD cast (yo-yo to 200 m).
(Sta. 52)	
Kaena (sta. 6)	One CTD cast (near-bottom)
Underway/continuous	ADCP, thermosalinograph, fluorometry, meteorology

2.0. SCIENCE PERSONNEL

Participant	Title Af	filiation/HOT Group
Daniela Böttjer	Post-doc	UH/BEACH
Susan Curless	Research Associate	UH/BEACH
Lance Fujieki	Computer Specialist	UH/BEACH
Adriana Harlan	Research Associate	UH/BEACH
Dan Sadler	Research Associate	UH/BEACH
Kathryn Stanaway	Research Associate	UH/BEACH
Donn Viviani	Graduate Student	UH/BEACH
Blake Watkins	Marine Engineer	UH/BEACH
Scott Grant	Research Associate	UH/CMORE
Cameron Fumar	Research Assoicate	UH/PO
Jessica Hill	Undergrad Student	UH/PO
Bo Keopaseut	Research Associate	UH/PO
Fernando Santiago-Mandujano	Chief Scientist – Res. Asso	c. UH/PO
Robin Minton	Volunteer	PO
Jefrey Snyder	Marine Technician	UH/PO
Justin Smith	Marine Technician	OTG
Jenny White	Marine Technician	OTG
Ben Colello	Marine Technician	OTG

3.0. SUMMARY SCHEDULE

29 March	Pre-cruise meeting MSB306 1030 hrs.
01 April	Ship loading starting at 0900 hrs.
05 April	Depart from Snug harbor at 0800 hrs. Science personnel on-board by 0700.
05 April	Station 1 Kahe Pt. operations.
05-08 April	Station ALOHA operations. Station 52 CTD casts. Station Kaena CTD cast.
09 April	Arrive Snug harbor. ETA 0800 hrs, full offload

4.0. OPERATIONAL PLANS

4.1. Station Kahe (21°20.6'N, 158°16.4'W)

A 500 lb. weight-test cast, one CTD cast to 1000 m and a Hyperpro cast (Sect. 4.2.7) will be conducted at this location on April 5th. The CTD winch and crane will be required for these operations. After the operations are satisfactorily completed, the ship shall proceed to Station ALOHA.

4.2. Station ALOHA (22°45'N, 158°W with 6 nm radius)

4.2.1. Upon arrival to Station ALOHA, the sediment traps will be deployed. After the sediment trap deployment is complete, two 200-m and one 1000-m cast will be conducted before deploying the Primary Productivity array (Sect. 4.2.3). These operations will be followed by a near-bottom CTD cast.

4.2.2. Sediment trap array deployment

Upon arrival to Station ALOHA, the floating sediment traps will be deployed at a location within Station ALOHA, to be determined enroute to ALOHA by local current conditions. The array will be

deployed from the stern rail using the small crane and the Sea-Mac winch. Power requirement for the winch is 440 VAC, three phase at 10 amps. After deployment we request that the Bridge verify that the radio transmitters are functioning and directionally correct.

The array will drift for about 53 hours before recovery. The array is equipped with 2 ARGOS satellite transmitters (platform #'s 01833, 60481), 2 strobe lights, and 2 radio transmitters (channel 72, 156.625 MHz). Daily positions of the array shall be transmitted by email directly to the ship (argosfix@satellite-email.com, password: argosfix), therefore the ship will **not** need to keep within site of the array until the time of the recovery. Assistance from the bridge is requested in plotting the drift track of the array. We request the use of the ship's radio direction finder for locating the array before recovery.

After deployment of the sediment trap array, the ship shall continue with CTD cast operations to prepare water for the Primary Productivity Array.

4.2.3 Primary production experiment

Samples for the primary productivity experiment will be collected from the rosette. Before dawn (Sunrise 0620 hrs on April 6th), a free drifting incubation array will be deployed from the stern rail using the small crane and the Sea-Mac winch. The array is equipped with two ARGOS satellite transmitters (platform #'s 03028, 60482, emailing positions to argosfix@satellite-email.com, password: argosfix), strobe lights and a radio transmitter (channel 68, 156.425 MHz). The **ship shall keep within site of the array** while performing CTD operations for the last 6 hours of the approximately 12-hour time the array will be in the water unless the array drifts outside of the ALOHA circle. If the array drifts out of the circle, the ship should return inside the circle to conduct CTD casts, and the monitoring of the array will be coordinated with the watch leader. The array will be recovered just at sunset (1849 hrs). CTD operations shall continue after recovery. All radioactive waste generated by the experiment shall be returned to the University of Hawaii. Only qualified personnel shall handle radioactive material.

4.2.4. Water column measurements

Vertical profiles of temperature, conductivity and dissolved oxygen will be made with an instrument package consisting of a Sea-Bird CTD attached to a 24-place rosette with 12 liter sampling bottles. We will need the ship's CTD winch and crane for these operations. Water samples for biogeochemical measurements will also be collected on each cast. The cast after the deployment of the primary productivity array shall be made to the near bottom (approximately 4740 m). Following this cast, a series of 1000-m casts shall be made continuously every 3 hours for a 36-hour period, ending with a second near-bottom cast. It is highly desired that this burst sampling be done without interruption and we request the ship to maintain position within the study area for that period of time, and repositioning to the center of the Station before each cast whenever possible.

Whenever pumping of the ship's tanks is needed, it must be conducted outside the circle that defines station ALOHA (Sect. 1.0). To avoid disruptions in the schedule, this operation should be coordinated with the chief scientist or the watch leaders (**Susan Curless, Jefrey Snyder**).

4.2.5. Gas Array deployment

A second free drifting incubation array will be deployed the third day of the cruise at ALOHA station. Samples for the gas array will be collected from CTD cast 10. The gas array will be deployed from the stern rail using the small crane and the Sea-Mac winch. The array is equipped with two ARGOS satellite transmitters (platform #'s 03028, 60482), emailing positions to argosfix@satellite-email.com, password: argosfix), a strobe light and a radio transmitter (channel 68, 156.425 MHz). The ship will **not** need to keep within sight of the array until the time of the recovery, approximately 24 hours after its deployment. CTD operations shall continue after the recovery.

4.2.6. Zoo net tows

A plankton net will be deployed from the stern and shall be towed for half-hour periods. Halfhour periods are scheduled around noon and midnight on the second, third, and fourth days (see schedule) for a total of six slots. The A-frame and capstan will be needed for this operation. B. Watkins will be in charge of these operations.

4.2.7. Hyperpro

The Hyperpro is a profiling unit with one up-looking and one down-looking hyperspectral radiometer, a WET Labs ECO-BB2F triplet (measuring Chlorophyll-a fluorescence and backscattering in the blue and red wavelengths), temperature and conductivity sensors. This instrument also incorporates a ship mounted surface radiometer. Around noon on the first, third and fourth days, the Hyperpro will be deployed from the stern rail using the small crane. The instrument is hand-lowered and retrieved with assistance from the winch.

4.2.8. ACS/AC9/FRRf/LISST

An optical package including a Wet Labs AC9 that measures water column spectral absorption and attenuation at nine wavelengths, a Chelsea Fast Repetition Rate Fluorometer (FRRf), a SeaBird Seacat with temperature, conductivity, fluorometer, and pressure sensors, and a LISST particle size and distribution analyzer will be deployed to a target depth of 200 m at a constant speed of 10 m/min during the downcast and upcast. The A-frame and capstan will be needed for this operation.

4.2.9. Automated Trace Element Sampler (ATE)

On the 2nd day of the cruise, the ATE will be hand deployed off the back deck to a depth of 10 m. The ATE will be recovered after 30 minutes in the water. The ATE is approximately 1' tall and 4'' in diameter, weighting 5 lbs.

4.3 Floating sediment trap recovery

In the morning of April 8th, after the AC9/FRRf cast has been completed, we shall transit for the recovery of the floating sediment trap array. The small crane and the Sea-Mac winch will be needed to retrieve the sediment trap array. After the array is recovered, the ship shall transit to recover the Gas Array. After the array is recovered, the ship shall transit to Station 52 to conduct one 200 m yo-yo cast.

4.4 WHOTS-6 Mooring (Station 52)

One 200 m CTD cast shall be conducted near the WHOTS mooring on April 8th. The cast is to be a yo-yo cast with at least 6 full cycles. This cast should be conducted downwind, down current, and about 200 m from the mooring. The nominal position of the mooring is 22° 39.989'N, 157° 56.961'W.

After the yo-yo cast is completed, the ship shall transit to Station ALOHA to conduct one Hyperpro cast, one AC9/FRRf cast and one shallow 100 m CTD cast.

Once those operations are complete, the ship will transit to Station Kaena.

4.5 Station Kaena (21° 50.8'N, 158° 21.8'W)

A near-bottom CTD cast (~2500 m) will be conducted at this location in the evening of April 8th, after which the ship shall return to Snug harbor.

4.6 Acoustic Doppler Current Profiler

The ship's acoustic Doppler current profiler (ADCP) will be in operation during the duration of the cruise. The OTG electronics technician will be in charge of the ADCP system.

4.7 Thermosalinograph and Fluorometer

The ship's thermosalinograph and fluorometer sampling the uncontaminated seawater supply system will be in operation during the duration of the cruise while the ship is outside of Snug harbor. Salinity samples to calibrate the thermosalinograph will be taken from the intake hose at 4-hour intervals throughout the duration of the cruise by the science personnel. The OTG technicians will be in charge of the thermosalinograph and fluorometer operations.

5.0 EQUIPMENT

- 5.1 The HOT science party shall be bringing the following
 - 1. Seabird CTD system, all sensors, deck boxes and computer CTD acquisition systems
 - 2. Rosette and 24 12-1 water sampling bottles, all spare parts
 - 3. Two 20 ft. laboratory vans with assorted equipment for radioisotope and general use.
 - 4. Storage van with assorted equipment.
 - 5. Distilled, deionized water and all required chemicals and isotopes
 - 6. Large vacuum waste container
 - 7. Liquid nitrogen dewar
 - 8. Drifting sediment trap array with strobe lights, satellite and radio transmitters, floats, weights
 - 9. Kevlar line, polypropylene line
 - 10. Sediment traps and crosses
 - 11. Drifting primary production array and gas array with light and radio transmitter, floats, weights, polypro. Line, spare buoy, etc.
 - 12. Hyperpro and other optical measuring instruments.
 - 13. Oxygen titration system
 - 14. Plankton nets and towing lines
 - 15. Desktop and laptop personal computers
 - 16. Assorted tools
 - 17. All required sampling bottles
 - 18. Deck incubation system
 - 19. Pertinent MSDS
- 5.2. We will need the use of the following ship's equipment:
 - 1. A-frame
 - 2. A-frame block assembly
 - 3. Crane and winch with conducting wire for CTD
 - 4. Electric power for winches (440 VAC, 3 phase, 60 Amp breaker) and vans (208 VAC single phase at 60 amps for lab van, 110 VAC 10 amps for equipment van)
 - 5. Radio direction finder
 - 6. Space in the main deck hanger for one storage van
 - 7. Space on upper deck for lab vans
 - 8. Space on upper deck for incubators
 - 9. Hand-held VHF transceivers
 - 10. Precision depth recorder
 - 11. Shackles, sheaves, hooks and lines
 - 12. Shipboard Acoustic Doppler Current Profiler

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- 13. Thermosalinograph and Fluorometer
- 14. Copy machine
- 15. Grappling hooks and line
- 16. Navlink2 PC or equivalent
- 17. Running fresh water and seawater, hoses
- 18. Electronic mail system
- 19. GPS system
- 20. Uncontaminated seawater supply
- 21. Small capstan (~ 10 m/min)
- 22. Underway/on-station data acquisition system for meteorological instruments, ADCP, thermosalinograph, fluorometer
- 23. OTG's 24-place rosette, and 24 12-1 water sampling bottles (to be used as spare)
- 24. 500 lb weight.
- 25. Remote CTD decibar pressure display in the winch operator cabin.
- 26. Large Sea-Mac winch (Mod. 1025 EHS). 60 Amp Hubbel plug/connector (440 VAC, 3 phase, 60 Amp breaker), or comparable replacement winch.
- 27. Monitor in Rock Lab displaying ship coordinates and GMT.
- 28. Seapoint fluorometer (to be used as a spare)

HOT 220 CTD CASTS

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Cast		Samples	#Bottles
Kahe		O Terre DIC/Alls Nets Chi s LUN LUDO DOC ECM Selts	24
s1c1	1000 m	O ₂ , Temp, DIC/Alk, Nuts, Chl a, LLN, LLPO ₄ , DOC, FCM, Salts	24
<u>Station</u> s2c1	<u>n ALOHA</u> 200 m	CMORE(5@25,5@45,5@75), DV(1@15,45,75,125)	19
s2c2	1000 m	Primary Production, Salts	22
s2c3	200 m	DB (18@5m)	18
s2c4	4740 m (PO-1)	O ₂ , Temp, DOC, DIC/Alk, Nuts, Salts	24
s2c5	1000 m (PO-2)	O ₂ , Temp, Nuts, DIC/Alk, DOC, Salts	24
s2c6	1000 m	PC/PN, SC(1@45, 1@100), Salts	16
s2c7	1000 m	PPO4, DV(1@15,45,75,125), Salts	18
s2c8	1000 m (BEACH)	O2, Temp, DIC/Alk, Nuts, LLN, LLP, DOC, Keeling, Quay, Salts	23
s2c9	1000 m	PUR, CMORE(5@1000,5@770,5@500), Salts	24
s2c10	1000 m	Gas Array (2@5,25,45,75,100,125), Salts	14
s2c11	1000 m	CMORE(5@125,5@200), DV(1@15,45,75,125), PO(6@1000), Salts	22
s2c12	1000 m	PSi, MC(5,25,45,75,100,125,150,175), Salts	18
s2c13	1000 m	MIT, DV(1@15,45,75,125), Salts	14
s2c14	1000 m	ATP, SW(1@200,300,400,500,600,700,800,900,1000), MC(200,300,500,770), Salts	24
s2c15	1000 m	PE, MC(5,25,45,75,100,125,150,175), SW(pb MC), Salts	22
s2c16	1000 m	HPLC, Chl a, Slides, Salts	22
s2c17	4740 m (PO-3)	Oxygen,MC(1000,2000,3000,4000),DV(1@4800,4750),Salts	14
s2c18	100m	DV/DB/DS(18@TBD), EWC(3@75m)	21
WHOTS Moorings52c1200 m yo-yo			
Kaena	<u>1</u> 2400 m	Chl Salta	12

MC=Matt Church, DB=Daniela Böttjer, DV=Donn Viviani, SW=Sam Wilson, EWC=Elisha Wood-Charlson, SC=Susan Curless

Chl, Salts

s6c1

2400 m

Date: April 5-9, 2010

TIME	Mon. 4/5	Tues. 4/6	Wed. 4/7	Thurs. 4/8	Fri. 4/9
0000		Arrive ALOHA Deploy sed traps			
0100		S2C1	Net Tow		
0200		S2C2 PP	S2C10 Gas		
0300		\$2C3		AC9/FRRF	
0400		Deploy PP Array	Deploy Gas Array	Transit sed traps	
0500		S2C4 PO-1	S2C11 Open		
0600				Recover traps Transit gas array	
0700				Recover gas array	
0800	Depart Snug		S2C12 PSi	Transit St. 52	Arrive Snug
0900					
1000	Arrive Kahe (10:30) Weight cast	Net Tow	Net Tow	S52C1 WHOTS	
1100	Hyperpro	S2C5 PO-2 (Begin 36 hr)	S2C13 MIT	Transit St. ALOHA	
1200	\$1C1	Net Tow	Hyperpro AC9/FRRF	AC9/FRRF	
1300	Transit ALOHA	ATE		Hyperpro	
1400		S2C6 PC/PN	S2C14 ATP	S2C18	
1500				Transit St. Kaena	
1600					
1700		S2C7 PPO4	S2C15 PE		
1800		Recover PP array			
1900					
2000		S2C8 BEACH	S2C16 HPLC		
2100				S6C1	
2200		Net Tow	Net Tow		
2300		S2C9 PUR	S2C17 PO-3 (end 36 hours)	Transit Snug	

April 6: Sunrise 0620, Sunset 1849

6.0 HOT-220 Watch Schedule

0300-1500

Adriana Harlan – Water Boss Lance Fujieki – Tag Dan Sadler – Tag Jefrey Snyder – Watch Leader - Console Cameron Fumar – Alt Tag Jessica Hill

1500-0300

Susan Curless – Watch Leader – *Water Boss* Kathryn Stanaway – *Tag* Bo Keopaseut – *Tag* Fernando Santiago-Mandujano – Chief Scientist – *Console* Robin Minton – *Alt Tag*

At Large

Daniela Böttjer Blake Watkins Scott Grant – *Alt Tag* Donn Viviani – *Alt Tag* Ben Colello - OTG

OTG

Justin Smith – Deck Boss Jenny White – Deck Boss