Hawaii Ocean Time-series HOT-192 General Cruise Plan

Vessel: R/V *Kilo Moana*, University of Hawaii Master of the Vessel: Captain Richard Meyer

Chief Scientist: Susan Curless, University of Hawaii OTG Marine Technicians: Tobin Chen and Dan Fitzgerald

Loading: June 6, 2007, loading of HOT van.

June 7, 2007 @ 0900 HST, loading heavy equipment, deck van, and HOT gear.

Departure: June 8, 2007 @ 0900 Arrival: June 12, 2007 @ 0800

1.0 SCIENTIFIC OBJECTIVES

The objective of the cruise is to maintain a collection of hydrographic and biogeochemical data at the Hawaii Ocean Time-series (HOT) stations. Five stations will be occupied during the cruise, in the following order:

- 1) Station 1, referred to as Station Kahe, is located at 21° 20.6′N, 158° 16.4′W and will be occupied on the first day of the cruise for about 2 hours.
- 2) Station 2, referred to as Station ALOHA is defined as a circle with a 6 nautical mile radius centered at 22° 45′N, 158°W. This is the main HOT station and will be occupied during the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th days of the cruise.
- 3) Station 51, is the site of the MOSEAN Mooring, located at 22° 45′N, 158° 6′W will be occupied on the 4th day of the cruise for about 30 minutes.
- 4) Station 50, is the site of the WHOTS Mooring, located at 22° 45.994'N, 157° 53.992'W will be occupied on the 4th day of the cruise for about 1 hour.
- 5) Station 6, referred to as Station Kaena, is located off Kaena Point at 21° 50.8'N, 158° 21.8'W will be occupied on the 4th day of the cruise for about 2 hours.

1.1 SCIENTIFIC OPERATIONS

| <u>Station</u> | Activities |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Kahe (sta. 1) | Weight Cast, PRR cast, CTD cast (1000 m) |
| ALOHA (sta. 2) | Sediment traps, gas array, net tows, CTD operations, primary productivity measurements, AC9/FRRf, misc. experiments. |
| MOSEAN mooring station (Sta. 51) | CTD cast (200 m). |
| WHOTS mooring station (Sta. 50) | CTD cast (200 m). |
| Kaena (sta. 6) | CTD cast (2400 m) |
| Underway/continuous | ADCP, thermosalinograph, fluorometry, meteorology |

2.0. SCIENCE PERSONNEL

| Title | Affiliation/HOT Group | |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| Research Specialist | UH/BEACH | |
| Research Associate | UH/BEACH | |
| Research Associate | UH/BEACH | |
| Computer Specialist | UH/BEACH | |
| Technician | UH/BEACH | |
| Marine Engineer | UH/BEACH | |
| Research Associate | UH/PO | |
| Marine Technician | UH/PO | |
| Research Associate | UH/PO | |
| Undergraduate Student | HPU/PO | |
| Volunteer | PO | |
| Undergraduate Student | UH/PO | |
| CMORE Educator | UH/CMORE | |
| Teacher | CMORE | |
| Technician | UH/Rappe | |
| Technician | UH/Rappe | |
| Graduate Student | UH/BEACH | |
| Graduate Student | UH/BEACH | |
| Graduate Student | UH/BEACH | |
| Marine Technician | USCG | |
| Marine Technician | USCG | |
| Marine Technician | OTG | |
| Marine Technician | OTG | |
| | Research Specialist Research Associate Research Associate Computer Specialist Technician Marine Engineer Research Associate Marine Technician Research Associate Undergraduate Student Volunteer Undergraduate Student CMORE Educator Teacher Technician Technician Graduate Student Graduate Student Graduate Student Graduate Student Graduate Student Graduate Student Marine Technician Marine Technician Marine Technician | |

3.0. SUMMARY SCHEDULE

| 31 May | Pre-cruise meeting 1000 hrs. | | |
|-----------|--|--|--|
| 6 June | Ship loading of vans 0700 hrs. | | |
| 7 June | Ship loading starting at 0900 hrs | | |
| 8 June | Depart from Snug harbor at 0900 hrs. Science personnel on-boar | | |
| | by 0800. | | |
| 8 June | Station 1 Kahe Pt. operations. | | |
| 8-12 June | Station ALOHA operations. Stations 51, 50 and 6 CTD casts. | | |
| 12 June | Arrive Snug harbor, ETA 0800 hrs, full offload | | |

4.0. OPERATIONAL PLANS

4.1. Station Kahe (21°20.6'N, 158°16.4'W)

A 400 lb. weight-test cast, one CTD cast to 1000 m, and a PRR cast (Sect. 4.2.8) will be conducted at this location in the afternoon of June 8. The CTD winch and crane will be required

for these operations. After the operations are satisfactorily completed, the ship shall proceed to Station ALOHA.

4.2. Station ALOHA (22°45'N, 158°W with 6 nm radius)

4.2.1. Upon arrival to Station ALOHA, the sediment traps will be deployed. Afterwards, two 200-m casts will be conducted before deploying the Gas array. These operations will be followed by a near-bottom CTD cast.

4.2.2. Sediment trap deployment

Upon arrival to Station ALOHA, the floating sediment traps will be deployed at a location within Station ALOHA, which will be determined by local current conditions to be determined enroute to ALOHA. The array will be deployed from the stern using the A-frame and our Sea-Mac winch. Power requirement for the winch is 440 VAC, three phase at 10 amps. After deployment we request that the Bridge verify that the radio transmitters are functioning and directionally correct.

The array will drift for about 53 hours before recovery. The array is equipped with 2 ARGOS satellite transmitters (platform #s 01833 and 03028), 2 strobe lights, and 2 radio transmitters (channel 74, 156.725 MHz). Daily positions of the array shall be transmitted by email directly to the ship (argosfix@km.soest.hawaii.edu, password: argosfix), therefore the ship will **not** need to keep within site of the array until the time of the recovery. Assistance from the bridge is requested in plotting the drift track of the array. We request the use of the ship's radio direction finder for locating the array before recovery.

After deployment of the sediment trap array, the ship shall return to the center of Station ALOHA to continue with CTD cast operations.

4.2.3 Gas Array deployment

Samples for the gas array will be collected from casts 1 and 2. We request the use of the A-frame for the gas array deployment, and will also use the Sea-Mac winch. The array is equipped with one ARGOS satellite transmitter (platform # 08500, emailing positions to argosfix@km.soest.hawaii.edu, password: argosfix), a strobe light and a radio transmitter (channel 69, 156.475 MHz). The ship will **not** need to keep within sight of the array until the time of the recovery, approximately 24 hours after its deployment. CTD operations shall continue after the recovery.

4.2.4. Water column measurements

Vertical profiles of temperature, conductivity and dissolved oxygen will be made with an instrument package consisting of a Sea-Bird CTD attached to a 24-place rosette with 12 liter sampling bottles. We need the ship's CTD winch and crane for this operation. Water samples for biogeochemical measurements will also be collected on each cast. The cast after the deployment of the gas array shall be made to the near bottom (approximately 4740 m). Following this cast, a series of 1000-m casts shall be made continuously every 3 hours for a 36-hour period, ending with a second near-bottom cast. It is highly desired that this burst sampling be done without interruption and we request the ship to maintain position within the study area for that period of time, and repositioning to the center of the Station before each cast whenever possible.

Whenever pumping of the ship's tanks is needed, it must be conducted outside the circle that defines station ALOHA (Sect. 1.0). To avoid disruptions in the schedule, this operation should be coordinated with the chief scientist or the watch leaders (Fernando Santiago-Mandujano, Paul Lethaby).

4.2.5. Primary production experiment

Samples for the primary productivity experiment will be collected from the rosette. Before dawn (sunrise 0557 hrs on June10), a second free drifting incubation array will be deployed from the stern. We request the use of the A-frame for this operation and will also use the Sea-Mac winch. The array is equipped with one ARGOS satellite transmitter (platform # 60481, emailing positions to argosfix@km.soest.hawaii.edu, password: argosfix), strobe lights and a radio transmitter (channel 68, 156.425 MHz). The **ship shall keep within site of the array** while performing CTD operations for the approximately 12-hour duration the array will be in the water. The array will be recovered just at sunset (1901 hrs). CTD operations shall continue after recovery. All radioactive waste generated by the experiment shall be returned to the University of Hawaii. Only qualified personnel shall handle radioactive material.

4.2.6. Zoo net tows

A plankton net will be deployed from the stern and shall be towed for half-hour periods. Half-hour periods are scheduled at around noon and two consecutive half-hour periods at midnight on the second, third, and fourth days (see schedule) with a total of eight available slots to accommodate cancellations due to sea state or other unforeseen problems. The A-frame and capstan will be needed for this operation. B. Watkins will be in charge of these operations.

A one time deployment of a plankton net by hand off the stern is scheduled for 1500 on Sunday. The net will be in the water for approx.10-15 minutes, and Kate Achilles will be in charge of this operation.

4.2.7. Profiling Reflectance Radiometer (PRR).

Around noon on each day a profiling reflectance radiometer will be deployed from the main deck using the A-frame. The instrument is hand-lowered and retrieved with assistance from the winch.

4.2.8. AC9/FRRf

The Wet Labs AC9 is an optical instrument that measures water column spectral absorption and attenuation at nine wavelengths. The AC9 package also includes a Fast Repetition Rate Fluorometer (FRRf), and a Sea-Bird Seacat with temperature, conductivity, fluorometer, and pressure sensors. The package will be deployed to a target depth of 250 m at a constant speed of 10 m/min during the downcast and upcast. The A-frame and capstan will be needed for this operation.

4.3 Floating sediment trap recovery

In the morning of June 11, after the AC9/FRRf cast has been completed, we shall transit for the recovery of the floating sediment trap array. The A-frame and the Sea-Mac winch will be needed to retrieve the sediment trap array. After the array is recovered, the ship shall transit to Station 51 to conduct a 200-m CTD cast.

4.4 MOSEAN Mooring (Station 51)

A 200-m CTD cast will be conducted near the MOSEAN mooring. The cast should be conducted downwind, downcurrent, and at about 200 m from the mooring. The nominal position of the mooring is 22° 45′N, 158° 6′W. After this cast, the ship shall transit to Station 50 to conduct two 200 m CTD casts, one PRR cast and two AC9/FRRf casts.

4.5 WHOTS Mooring (Station 50)

Two 200-m CTD cast will be conducted near the WHOTS mooring. These casts should be conducted downwind, downcurrent, and at about 200 m from the mooring. The nominal position of the mooring is 22° 45.994'N, 157° 53.992'W. After these casts are completed, the ship shall transit to Station Kaena to conduct one near-bottom CTD cast.

4.5 Station Kaena (21° 50.8′N, 158° 21.8′W)

A near-bottom CTD cast (~2500 m) will be conducted at this location in the evening of June 11, after which the ship shall return to Snug harbor.

4.6 Acoustic Doppler Current Profiler

The ship's acoustic Doppler current profiler (ADCP) will be in operation during the duration of the cruise. The OTG electronics technician will be in charge of the ADCP system.

4.7 Thermosalinograph and Fluorometer

The ship's thermosalinograph and fluorometer sampling the uncontaminated seawater supply system will be in operation during the duration of the cruise while the ship is outside of Snug harbor. Salinity samples to calibrate the thermosalinograph will be taken from the intake hose at 4-hour intervals throughout the duration of the cruise by the science personnel. The OTG electronics technician will be in charge of the thermosalinograph and fluorometer operations.

5.0 EQUIPMENT

5.1 The HOT science party shall be bringing the following

- 1. Seabird CTD system, all sensors, deck boxes and computer CTD acquisition systems
- 2. Rosette and 24 12-1 water sampling bottles, all spare parts
- 3. One laboratory van with assorted equipment for radioisotope and general use
- 4. Distilled, deionized water and all required chemicals and isotopes
- 5. Storage van with assorted equipment (main deck)
- 6. Large vacuum waste container
- 7. Liquid nitrogen dewer
- 8. Drifting sediment trap array with strobe lights, satellite and radio transmitters, floats, weights
- 9. Kevlar line, polypropylene line
- 10. Sediment traps and crosses
- 11. Drifting primary production array and gas array with light and radio transmitter, floats, weights, polypro. Line, spare buoy, etc.
- 12. PRR, AC-9/FRRf and other optical measuring instruments.
- 13. Sea-Mac winch (440 VAC, 3 phase at 10 amps) and Kevlar line
- 14. Oxygen titration system

- 15. Plankton nets and towing lines
- 16. Desktop and laptop personal computers
- 17. Assorted tools
- 18. All required sampling bottles.
- 19. Deck incubation system
- 20. 400 lb weight.
- 21. Pertinent MSDS
- 5.2. We will need the use of the following ship's equipment:
- 1. A-frame
- 2. A-frame block assembly
- 3. Appleton crane and winch with conducting wire for CTD
- 4. Electric power for winches (440 VAC three phase at 10 amps) and vans (208 VAC single phase at 30 amps for labvan, 110 VAC 10 amps for equipment van)
- 5. Radio direction finder
- 6. Space on the main deck for one storage van
- 7. Space on upper deck for one lab van port side
- 8. Space on upper deck for incubator
- 9. Hand-held VHF transceivers
- 10. Precision depth recorder
- 11. Shackles, sheaves, hooks and lines
- 12. Shipboard Acoustic Doppler Current Profiler
- 13. Thermosalinograph and Fluorometer
- 14. Copy machine
- 15. Grappling hooks and line
- 16. Navlink2 PC or equivalent
- 17. Running fresh water and seawater, hoses
- 18. Electronic mail system
- 19. GPS system
- 20. Uncontaminated seawater supply
- 21. Small capstan (~ 10 m/min)
- 22. Underway/on-station data acquisition system for meteorological instruments, ADCP, thermosalinograph, fluorometer
- 23. OTG's 24-place rosette, and 24 12-l water sampling bottles (to be used as spare)
- 24. OTG Seabird CTD (to be used as spare)
- 25. Pinger (to be used as spare)

Ship: R/V KILO MOANA **HOT 192 CTD CASTS** 8 – 12 June, 2007 Cast Samples #Bottles Kahe Pt. s1c1 1000 m O₂, Temp, DIC/Alk, Nuts, Chl a, LLN, LLPO₄. 24 DOC, FCM, Salts, KA(pb@800) **Station ALOHA** s2c1 200 m 24 Gas Array (7@5, 25, 45), LB(2@5) , AF(1@150), Salts s2c2200 m Gas Array (7@75, 100, 125), MR (2@45), Salts 23 s2c3 O2, Temp, DOC, DIC/Alk, Nuts, Salts, KA(pb depths tba), 4740 m (PO-1) 24 1000 m (PO-2) O2, Temp, Nuts, DIC/Alk, Quay, DOC, Salts s2c4 24 1000 m ATP, Salts, MC (200,300,500,770), s2c5 KB(100,125,150,200,300), MR(2@1000, 2@500), Salts 24 PE, Salts, MC(5,25,45,75,100,125,150,175), KB(5,25,45,75), s2c6 1000 m Salts s2c7 1000 m HPLC, Chl a, Slides, Salts 22 1000 m(BEACH) O2, Temp, DIC/Alk, Nuts, LLN, LLP, DOC, s2c8 Keeling, Quay, Salts 23 1000 m Primary Production, Salts 22 s2c9 Open, MR(1000,800,600,400,200,175,150,125,100,75,45,10), s2c10 1000 m ED(5@ 770), PO Salinity Std(5@1000), Salts 24 s2c11 1000 m PSi, MC(5,25,45,75,100,125,150,175) KA(pb MC depths), Salts 18 1000 m MIT, ED(5@500), Salts 21 s2c12 s2c13 1000 m PC/PN, Salts 14 1000 m PPO4, Salts 14 s2c14 s2c15 1000 m PUR, ED(5@1000, 5@200), Salts 24 s2c16 4740 m (PO-3) Oxygen, Salts, MC(1@1000,2000,3000,4000), MR(4000,3000,2000,1000,800,600,400,175,125,100,75,10), Salts 24 **MOSEAN Mooring** S51c1 200m AF(2@150), ED (5@75, 5@125) 12 WHOTS Mooring S50c1 200 m Salts 3

Chl, Salts

Salts, BC(1@25, 45, 75), LB (2@5), ED(5@25, 5@45)

18

13

S50c2

Kaena S6c1 200 m

2400 m

SHIP R/V KILO MOANA HOT 192 Date 8 – 12 June, 2007

| TIME | Fri. 6/8 | Sat. 6/9 | Sun. 6/10 | Mon. 6/11 | Tue. 6/12 |
|-------|---------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| 0000 | | S2C1 Gas 1 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 0100 | | | Net Tow | | |
| | | S2C2 Gas 2 | | | |
| 0200 | | | S2C9 PP | | |
| | | | | Net Tow | |
| 0300 | | | | AC9/FRRF | |
| 0.400 | | <i>p</i> 1 | g a gua o | | |
| 0400 | | Deploy gas array | S2C10 Open | Transit sed traps | |
| 0500 | | G2G2 PO 1 | Davidson DD somes | | |
| 0500 | | S2C3 PO-1 | Deploy PP array | | |
| 0600 | | | Transit gas array | | |
| 0000 | | | Transit gas array | Recover traps | |
| 0700 | | | Recover gas array | Recover traps | |
| 0700 | | | Recover gas array | Transit St. 51 | |
| 0800 | | | S2C11 PSi | Transit St. S1 | Arrive Snug |
| 0000 | | | 52011 151 | | offload |
| 0900 | Depart Snug | | | S51C1 | omoud |
| 0,00 | 2 opan snug | | | MOSEAN | |
| 1000 | | Net Tow | Net Tow | Transit St. 50 | |
| | | | | | |
| 1100 | Arrive Kahe (11:30) | S2C4 PO-2 | S2C12 MIT | S50C1 | |
| | Weight cast | (Begin 36 hr) | | Transit ALOHA | |
| 1200 | | | PRR | PRR | |
| | PRR | ATE | AC9/FRRF | AC9/FRRF | |
| 1300 | S1C1 | Net Tow | | | |
| | | | Net Tow | AC9/FRRF | |
| 1400 | Transit ALOHA | S2C5 ATP | S2C13 PC/PN | | |
| | | | | Transit St. 50 | |
| 1500 | | | KA hand net | S50C2 | |
| 1.600 | | | | Transit St. Kaena | |
| 1600 | | | | | |
| 1700 | | 92C6 DE | C2C14 DDC4 | | |
| 1700 | | S2C6 PE | S2C14 PPO4 | | |
| 1800 | | | | | |
| 1300 | | | Recover PP array | | |
| 1900 | | | 1.000 ver 11 array | | |
| 1700 | | | | | |
| 2000 | | S2C7 HPLC | S2C15 PUR | | |
| 2000 | | Jack In Le | 22010 1010 | | |
| 2100 | | | | S6C1 | |
| | | | | | |
| 2200 | | Net Tow | Net Tow | | |
| | | | | | |
| 2300 | Arrive ALOHA | S2C8 BEACH | S2C16 PO-3 | | |
| | Deploy sed traps | | (end 36 hours) | Transit Snug | |
| | | | | | |

June 10: Sunrise 0549 Sunset 1913

6.0 HOT-192 Watch Schedule

0300-1500

Dan Sadler - Alt Water Boss, Alt Tag
Adriana Harlan - Water Boss
Lance Fujieki - Alt Tag
Allison Fong
Lucas Beversdorf
Jefrey Snyder - Tag
Fernando Santiago-Mandujano - Watch Leader, console
Nina Ribatt
Geoff Wolverton - Tag

1500-0300

Karin Björkman - *Alt Tag*Susan Curless - Chief Scientist, *Water Boss*Donn Viviani - *Alt Tag*Paul Lethaby - Watch Leader, *console*Justin Smith - *Tag*Oriana Villar Allen
Daniel Smith - *Tag*

At Large

Blake Watkins Kate Achilles Linda Sciaroni Darin Hayakawa Tracy Campbell

OTG

Tobin Chen Dan Fitzgerald