Hawaii Ocean Time-series HOT-188 General Cruise Plan

Vessel: R/V Kilo Moana, University of Hawaii

Master of the Vessel: Captain Phil Smith

Chief Scientist: Eric Grabowski, University of Hawaii OTG Marine Technicians: Tim McGovern and Steve Poulos

Loading: December 5, 2006, loading of HOT vans 0700hrs.

December 7, 2006 @ 0900 HST, loading heavy equipment, Bullister's van and rest of

HOT gear.

Departure: December 8, 2006 @ 0900 Arrival: December 12, 2006 @ 0800

1.0 SCIENTIFIC OBJECTIVES

The objective of the cruise is to maintain a collection of hydrographic and biogeochemical data at the Hawaii Ocean Time-series (HOT) stations. Five stations will be occupied during the cruise, in the following order:

- 1) Station 1, referred to as Station Kahe, is located at 21° 20.6'N, 158° 16.4'W and will be occupied on the first day of the cruise for about 2 hours.
- 2) Station 2, referred to as Station ALOHA is defined as a circle with a 6 nautical mile radius centered at 22° 45′N, 158°W. This is the main HOT station and will be occupied during the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th days of the cruise.
- 3) Station 51, is the site of the MOSEAN Mooring, located at 22° 45′N, 158° 6′W will be occupied on the 4th day of the cruise for about 30 minutes.
- 4) Station 50, is the site of the WHOTS Mooring, located at 22° 45.994'N, 157° 53.992'W will be occupied on the 4th day of the cruise for about 1 hour.
- 5) Station 6, referred to as Station Kaena, is located off Kaena Point at 21° 50.8'N, 158° 21.8'W will be occupied on the 4th day of the cruise for about 2 hours.

1.1 SCIENTIFIC OPERATIONS

Station	Activities
Kahe (sta. 1)	Weight Cast, PRR cast, CTD cast (1000 m)
ALOHA (sta. 2)	Sediment traps, gas array, net tows, CTD operations, primary productivity measurements, AC9/FRRf, misc. experiments.
MOSEAN mooring station (Sta. 51)	CTD cast (200 m).
WHOTS mooring station (Sta. 50)	CTD cast (200 m).
Kaena (sta. 6)	CTD cast (2400 m)
Underway/continuous	ADCP, thermosalinograph, fluorometry, meteorology

2.0. SCIENCE PERSONNEL

Title	Affiliation/HOT Group	
Research Specialist	UH/BEACH	
Research Associate	UH/BEACH	
Research Associate	UH/BEACH	
Computer Specialist	UH/BEACH	
Research Associate	UH/BEACH	
Technician	UH/BEACH	
Marine Engineer	UH/BEACH	
Research Associate	UH/BEACH	
Technician	UH/PO	
Marine Technician	UH/PO	
Research Associate	UH/PO	
Graduate Student	UH/PO	
Scientist	LDEO	
Scientist	PMEL	
Technician	UH/Rappe	
Marine Technician	OTG	
Marine Technician	OTG	
Volunteer	UH/Rappe	
	Research Specialist Research Associate Research Associate Computer Specialist Research Associate Technician Marine Engineer Research Associate Technician Marine Technician Research Associate Graduate Student Scientist Scientist Technician Marine Technician Marine Technician Marine Technician	

3.0. SUMMARY SCHEDULE

- 30 November Pre-cruise meeting
- 5 December Ship loading of vans 0700 hrs.7 December Ship loading starting at 0900 hrs
- 8 December Depart from Snug harbor at 0900 hrs. Science personnel on-board

by 0800.

- 8 December Station 1 Kahe Pt. operations.
- 8-12 December Station ALOHA operations. Stations 51, 50 and 6 CTD casts.
- 12 December Arrive Snug harbor. ETA 0800 hrs, full offload

4.0. OPERATIONAL PLANS

4.1. Station Kahe (21°20.6'N, 158°16.4'W)

A 400 lb. weight-test cast, one CTD cast to 1000 m, and a PRR cast (Sect. 4.2.8) will be conducted at this location in the afternoon of December 8. The CTD winch and crane will be required for these operations. After the operations are satisfactorily completed, the ship shall proceed to Station ALOHA.

4.2. Station ALOHA (22°45'N, 158°W with 6 nm radius)

4.2.1. Upon arrival to Station ALOHA, the sediment traps will be deployed. Afterwards, two 200-m casts will be conducted before deploying the Gas array. These operations will be followed by a near-bottom CTD cast.

4.2.2. Sediment trap deployment

Upon arrival to Station ALOHA, the floating sediment traps will be deployed at a location within Station ALOHA, which will be determined by local current conditions to be determined enroute to ALOHA. The array will be deployed from the stern using the A-frame and our Sea-Mac winch. Power requirement for the winch is 440 VAC, three phase at 10 amps. After deployment we request that the Bridge verify that the radio transmitters are functioning and directionally correct.

The array will drift for about 53 hours before recovery. The array is equipped with 2 ARGOS satellite transmitters (platform #s 01833 and 03028), 2 strobe lights, and 2 radio transmitters (channel 74, 156.725 MHz). Daily positions of the array shall be transmitted by email directly to the ship (argosfix@km.soest.hawaii.edu, password: argosfix), therefore the ship will not need to keep within site of the array until the time of the recovery. Assistance from the bridge is requested in plotting the drift track of the array. We request the use of the ship's radio direction finder for locating the array before recovery.

After deployment of the sediment trap array, the ship shall return to the center of Station ALOHA to continue with CTD cast operations.

4.2.3 Gas Array deployment

Samples for the gas array will be collected from casts 1 and 2. We request the use of the A-frame for the gas array deployment, and will also use the Sea-Mac winch. The array is equipped with one ARGOS satellite transmitter (platform # 08500, emailing positions to argosfix@km.soest.hawaii.edu, password: argosfix), a strobe light and a radio transmitter (channel 69, 156.475 MHz). The ship will **not** need to keep within sight of the array until the time of the recovery, approximately 24 hours after its deployment. CTD operations shall continue after the recovery.

4.2.4. Water column measurements

Vertical profiles of temperature, conductivity and dissolved oxygen will be made with an instrument package consisting of a Sea-Bird CTD attached to a 24-place rosette with 12 liter sampling bottles. We need the ship's CTD winch and crane for this operation. Water samples for biogeochemical measurements will also be collected on each cast. The cast after the deployment of the gas array shall be made to the near bottom (approximately 4740 m). Following this cast, a series of 1000-m casts shall be made continuously every 3 hours for a 36-hour period, ending with a second near-bottom cast. It is highly desired that this burst sampling be done without interruption and we request the ship to maintain position within the study area for that period of time, and repositioning to the center of the Station before each cast whenever possible.

Whenever pumping of the ship's tanks is needed, it must be conducted outside the circle that defines station ALOHA (Sect. 1.0). To avoid disruptions in the schedule, this operation should be coordinated with the chief scientist or the watch leaders (Paul Lethaby, Susan Curless).

4.2.5. Primary production experiment

Samples for the primary productivity experiment will be collected from the rosette. Before dawn (sunrise 0658 hrs on December 10), a second free drifting incubation array will be deployed from the stern. We request the use of the A-frame for this operation and will also use the Sea-Mac winch. The array is equipped with one ARGOS satellite transmitter (platform # 60481, emailing positions to argosfix@km.soest.hawaii.edu, password: argosfix), strobe lights and a radio transmitter (channel 72, 156.625 MHz). The ship shall keep within site of the array while performing CTD operations for the approximately 12-hour duration the array will be in the water. The array will be recovered just at sunset (1750 hrs). CTD operations shall continue after recovery. All radioactive waste generated by the experiment shall be returned to the University of Hawaii. Only qualified personnel shall handle radioactive material.

4.2.6. Zoo net tows

A plankton net will be deployed from the stern and shall be towed for half-hour periods. Half-hour periods are scheduled at around noon and two consecutive half-hour periods at midnight on the second, third, and fourth days (see schedule) with a total of eight available slots to accommodate cancellations due to sea state or other unforeseen problems. The A-frame and capstan will be needed for this operation. B. Watkins will be in charge of these operations.

4.2.7. Profiling Reflectance Radiometer (PRR).

Around noon on each day a profiling reflectance radiometer will be deployed from the main deck using the A-frame. The instrument is hand-lowered and retrieved with assistance from the winch.

4.2.8. AC9/FRRf

The Wet Labs AC9 is an optical instrument that measures water column spectral absorption and attenuation at nine wavelengths. The AC9 package also includes a Fast Repetition Rate Fluorometer (FRRf), and a Sea-Bird Seacat with temperature, conductivity, fluorometer, and pressure sensors. The package will be deployed to a target depth of 250 m at a constant speed of 10 m/min during the downcast and upcast. The A-frame and capstan will be needed for this operation.

4.3 Floating sediment trap recovery

In the morning of December 11, after the AC9/FRRf cast has been completed, we shall transit for the recovery of the floating sediment trap array. The A-frame and the Sea-Mac winch will be needed to retrieve the sediment trap array. After the array is recovered, the ship shall transit to Station 51 to conduct a 200-m CTD cast.

4.4 MOSEAN Mooring (Station 51)

A 200-m CTD cast will be conducted near the MOSEAN mooring. The cast should be conducted downwind, downcurrent, and at about 200 m from the mooring. The nominal position of the mooring is $22^{\rm O}$ 45'N, $158^{\rm O}$ 6'W. After this cast, the ship shall transit to Station 50 to conduct two 200 m CTD casts, one PRR cast and two AC9/FRRf casts.

4.5 WHOTS Mooring (Station 50)

Two 200-m CTD cast will be conducted near the WHOTS mooring. These casts should be conducted downwind, downcurrent, and at about 200 m from the mooring. The nominal

position of the mooring is 22° 45.994'N, 157° 53.992'W. After these casts are completed, the ship shall transit to Station Kaena to conduct one near-bottom CTD cast.

4.5 Station Kaena (21° 50.8'N, 158° 21.8'W)

A near-bottom CTD cast (~2500 m) will be conducted at this location in the evening of December 11, after which the ship shall return to Snug harbor.

4.6 Acoustic Doppler Current Profiler

The ship's acoustic Doppler current profiler (ADCP) will be in operation during the duration of the cruise. The OTG electronics technician will be in charge of the ADCP system.

4.7 Thermosalinograph and Fluorometer

The ship's thermosalinograph and fluorometer sampling the uncontaminated seawater supply system will be in operation during the duration of the cruise while the ship is outside of Snug harbor. Salinity samples to calibrate the thermosalinograph will be taken from the intake hose at 4-hour intervals throughout the duration of the cruise by the science personnel. The OTG electronics technician will be in charge of the thermosalinograph and fluorometer operations.

5.0 EQUIPMENT

5.1 The HOT science party shall be bringing the following

- 1. Seabird CTD system, all sensors, deck boxes and computer CTD acquisition systems.
- 2. Rosette and 24 12-1 water sampling bottles, all spare parts
- 3. Two laboratory vans with assorted equipment for radioisotope and general use, John Bullister's van
- 4. Distilled, deionized water and all required chemicals and isotopes
- 5. Storage van with assorted equipment (main deck)
- 6. Large vacuum waste container
- 7. Liquid nitrogen dewers
- 8. Drifting sediment trap array with strobe lights, satellite and radio transmitters, floats, weights
- 9. Kevlar line, polypropylene line
- 10. Sediment traps and crosses
- 11. Drifting primary production array and gas array with light and radio transmitter, floats, weights, polypro. Line, spare buoy, etc.
- 12. PRR, AC-9/FRRf and other optical measuring instruments.
- 13. Sea-Mac winch (440 VAC, 3 phase at 10 amps) and Kevlar line
- 14. Oxygen titration system
- 15. Plankton nets and towing lines
- 16. Desktop and laptop personal computers
- 17. Assorted tools
- 18. All required sampling bottles.
- 19. Deck incubation system
- 20. 400 lb weight.
- 21. Pertinent MSDS

- 5.2. We will need the use of the following ship's equipment:
- 1. A-frame
- 2. A-frame block assembly
- 3. Appleton crane and winch with conducting wire for CTD
- 4. Electric power for winches (440 VAC three phase at 10 amps) and vans (208 VAC single phase at 30 amps for labvan, 110 VAC 10 amps for equipment van)
- 5. Radio direction finder
- 6. Space on the main deck for one storage van
- 7. Space on the upper deck for two lab vans port side and one lab van starboard side
- 8. Hand-held VHF transceivers
- 9. Precision depth recorder
- 10. Shackles, sheaves, hooks and lines
- 11. Shipboard Acoustic Doppler Current Profiler
- 12. Thermosalinograph and Fluorometer
- 13. Copy machine
- 14. Grappling hooks and line
- 15. Navlink2 PC or equivalent
- 16. Running fresh water and seawater, hoses
- 17. Electronic mail system
- 18. GPS system
- 19. Uncontaminated seawater supply
- 20. Small capstan (~ 10 m/min)
- 21. Underway/on-station data acquisition system for meteorological instruments, ADCP, thermosalinograph, fluorometer
- 22. OTG's 24-place rosette, and 24 12-l water sampling bottles (to be used as spare)
- 23. One SBE-43 Oxygen sensor
- 24. Altimeter

Ship: R/V *KILO MOANA* **HOT 188 CTD CASTS** 8 – 12 December, 2006

	Cast	#Bottles						
Kahe Pt.								
s1c1	1000 m	O ₂ , Temp, DIC/Alk, Nuts, Chl a, LLN, LLPO ₄ , DOC, FCM, Salts	24					
Station ALOHA								
s2c1	200 m	Gas Array (7@5, 25, 45), KB (<u>3@30</u>), Salts,	24					
s2c2	200 m	Gas Array (7@75, 100, 125), MR (2@45), Salts,	23					
s2c3	4740 m (PO-1)	O ₂ , Temp, DOC, DIC/Alk, Nuts, Salts, JB(pb)	24					
s2c4	1000 m (PO-2)	O ₂ , Temp, Nuts, DIC/Alk, Quay, DOC, Salts, JB(pb)	24					
s2c5	1000 m	ATP, Salts, MC (200,300,500,770), KB(100,125,150,200,300), MR(2@1000,2@500)	24					
s2c6	1000 m	PE, Salts, MC(5,25,45,75,100,125,150,175), KB(5,25,45,75	5) 24					
s2c7	1000 m	HPLC, Chl a, Slides, Salts,	22					
s2c8	1000 m(BEACH)	O ₂ , Temp, DIC/Alk, Nuts, LLN, LLP, DOC, Keeling, Quay, Salts,	23					
s2c9	1000 m	Primary Production, Salts	22					
s2c10	1000 m	Open,MR(1000,800,600,400,200,175,150,125,100,75,45,10)) 15					
s2c11	1000 m	PSi, MC(5,25,45,75,100,125,150,175)	18					
s2c12	1000 m	MIT, JB(1@1000,900,800,700,600,500,400,5),Salts	24					
s2c13	1000 m	PC/PN,JB(1@1000,900,800,700,500,400,300,200,100,5) Salts	24					
s2c14	1000 m	PPO4, Salts	14					
s2c15	1000 m	PUR, JB(1@1000,900,800,700,500,400,300,200,100,5) Salts	24					
s2c16	4740 m (PO-3)	Oxygen, Salts, MC(1@1000,2000,3000,4000), MR(4000,3000,2000,1000,800,600,400,175,125,100,75,10) JB(pb@4000,3000,2000,1000)) 24					
MOSE	CAN Mooring	• , , , , -/						
S51c1	200m FS Mooring		3					
S50c1	200 m	Salts	3					
S50c2	200 m	Salts, JZ(1@175,150,125,100,75,45,25,5),LB(2@5)	10					
Kaena								
S6c1	2400 m	Chl,JB(1@2400,2400,2000,2000,1800,1600,1600,1400,130 Salts	00,1200,1100)					

SHIP R/V KILO MOANA HOT 188 Date 8 – 12 December, 2006

TIME	Fri. 12/8	Sat. 12/9	Sun. 12/10	Mon. 12/11	Tue. 12/12
0000		S2C1 Gas 1			
0100			Net Tow		
		S2C2 Gas 2			
0200			S2C9 PP		
				Net Tow	
0300				AC9/FRRF	
0.400		D 1		T	
0400		Deploy gas array	S2C10 Open	Transit sed traps	
0500		S2C3 PO-1	S2C10 Open		
0300		32C3 FO-1	Deploy PP array		
0600			Transit gas array		
0000			Transit gas array	Recover traps	
0700			Recover gas array	Recover traps	
0700			Recover gas array	Transit St. 51	
0800			S2C11 PSi	11411511 201 21	Arrive Snug
					offload
0900	Depart Snug			S51C1	
				MOSEAN	
1000		Net Tow	Net Tow	Transit St. 50	
1100	Arrive Kahe (11:30)	S2C4 PO-2	S2C12 MIT	S50C1	
	Weight cast	(Begin 36 hr)		Transit ALOHA	
1200			PRR	PRR	
1200	PRR	ATE	AC9/FRRF	AC9/FRRF	
1300	S1C1	Net Tow	N Tr	A CO/EDDE	
1400	Transit ALOUA	COCE ATD	Net Tow	AC9/FRRF	
1400	Transit ALOHA	S2C5 ATP	S2C13 PC/PN	Transit St. 50	
1500				S50C2	
1300				Transit St. Kaena	
1600				Transit St. Tacila	
1000					
1700		S2C6 PE	S2C14 PPO4		
1800			Recover PP array		
1900					
2000		S2C7 HPLC	S2C15 PUR		
2100				S6C1	
2200		Net Tow	Net Tow		
2200		G0G0 PD 4 G17	G2G16 P2 2		
2300	Arrive ALOHA	S2C8 BEACH	S2C16 PO-3	Tunnait C	
	Deploy sed traps		(end 36 hours)	Transit Snug	

December 10: Sunrise 0658 Sunset 1750

6.0 HOT-188 Watch Schedule

0300-1500

Eric Grabowski – Chief Scientist -Alt Tag, alt Water Boss Ken Doggett – Tag Adriana Harlan – Water Boss Lance Fujieki -Erica Wasner– Tag Paul Lethaby - Watch Leader

1500-0300

Karin Björkman – *Alt Tag* Susan Curless – Watch Leader, *Water Boss* Doug White - *Tag* Jefrey Snyder -John Yeh - *Tag*

At Large

Blake Watkins Jamie Becker Eugene Gorman Dave Wisegarver Jennifer Schultz

OTG

Tim McGovern Steve Poulos