HAWAII OCEAN TIME-SERIES HOT- 159 General Cruise Plan

VESSEL: R/V Kaimikai O Kanaloa, University of Hawaii MASTER OF THE VESSEL: Ross Barnes CHIEF SCIENTIST: Thomas K. Gregory, University of Hawaii STAG Deck Technician: Dave Gravatt STAG Electronics Technician: Tim McGovern Load: May 14, 2004 0900 HST Depart: May 17, 2004 0900 HST Return: May 21, 2004 0800 HST

1.0. SCIENTIFIC OBJECTIVES

The objective of HOT 159 is to maintain collection of hydrographic and biogeochemical data at the Hawaii Ocean Time-series (HOT) Station ALOHA, our near shore station Kahe Point and Kaena Pt. station. Kahe Point (21°20.6'N, 158°16.4'W) is occuppied enroute to Station ALOHA to test equipment and collect nearshore data. Station ALOHA is defined as a circle with a 6 nautical mile radius centered at 22°45'N, 158°W. Kaena Point station (21°50.8'N, 158°21.8'W), will be occupied on the return transit to Honolulu.

1.1 SCIENTIFIC OPERATIONS

<u>Station</u>	Activities
Kahe (sta. 1)	Weight Cast, PRR cast, CTD cast (1000 m)
ALOHA (sta. 2)	Sediment traps, net tows, CTD op's, PRR casts, primary productivity measurements, AC9, misc. experiments
Kaena Pt. (sta. 6)	CTD op's (2500 m)
Underway/continuous	ADCP, thermosalinograph, fluorometry, meteorology

2.0. SCIENCE PERSONNEL

Andrioni, Santiago	UH/PO	Volunteer
Clemente, Tara	UH/BEACH	Research Associate
Deschenes, Bryan	UH/PO	Graduate Student
Fujieki, Lance	UH/BEACH	Computer Specialist
Giles, Katie	UH/BEACH	Volunteer
Grabowski, Eric	UH/BEACH	Research Associate
Grabowski, Marcie	UH/BEACH	Graduate Student
Gravatt, Dave	UH/STAG	Deck Technician
Gregory, Tom (Chief Scientist)	UH/BEACH	Research Associate
Iriondo, Maya	UH/PO	Graduate Student
LaRue, Kelly	HPU/PO	Volunteer
McGovern, Tim	UH/STAG	Electronics Technician
Murard, Xavier	UH/PO	Research Associate
Sadler, Dan	UH/BEACH	Research Associate
Santiago -Mandujano, Fernando	UH/PO	Research Associate
Sheridan, Cecilia	UH/BEACH	Graduate Student
Watkins, Blake	UH/BEACH	Marine Engineer

3.0. SUMMARY SCHEDULE

14 May	Ship loading starting at 0900 hrs
17 May	Depart from Snug harbor at 0900 hrs. Science personnel on-board by 0830.
17 May	Station 1 Kahe Pt. operations
18-20 May	Station ALOHA operations
20 May.	Sediment trap array retrieval, Station 8 CTD ops.
21 May	Return to Snug harbor. ETA 0800 hrs, full offload

4.0. OPERATIONAL PLANS

4.1. Kahe Point Station (21^o20.6'N, 158^o16.4'W)

Operations at Kahe station include an initial weight cast to 1000 m, followed by a hand-lowered light cast (PRR-600); and CTD cast to 1000 m. After all operations have been completed the ship shall proceed to Sta. ALOHA.

4.2. Station ALOHA (22⁰45'N, 158⁰W with 6 nmile radius)

Upon arrival at Station ALOHA a net tow will be conducted, followed by deployment of the floating sediment traps. After the trap deployment CTD operations will begin. As usual the first cast will be to near-bottom, followed by the 36 hr, 3 hr interval "burst" sampling. Interspersed in this time frame are PRR and optics casts, primary production cast/array deployment/retrieval, additional plankton net tows, and misc. experiments.

4.2.1. Plankton net tows

A series of plankton net tows will be conducted off the stern. We request the use of the ship's tow winch and A-frame for these operations. Hour periods are scheduled at around noon and midnight (see day-hour schedule) in excess of the six required in the event of equipment problems and/or rough sea conditions.

4.2.2. Floating Sediment Trap deployment

The floating sediment traps will be deployed from the center of Station ALOHA. The array will be deployed from the stern using the knuckle crane and the DSE winch. Power requirement for the winch is 440 VAC, three phase at 10 amps. After deployment we would like to return to the center of Station ALOHA and commence with CTD operations.

The array will drift for approximately 55 hours before recovery. The array is equipped with 2 ARGOS satellite transmitters (platform # 01325 & 01833), 2 strobe lights, and 2 radio transmitters (channel 74, 156.725 MHz). Daily positions of the array shall be transmitted by email directly to the ship. Assistance from the bridge is requested in plotting the drift track of the array. We request the use of the ship's radio direction finder for locating the array.

4.2.3. Water column measurements

Vertical profiles of temperature, conductivity and dissolved oxygen will be made with an instrument package consisting of a Seabird CTD attached to a 24-place rosette with 12 liter sampling bottles. The CTD winch and hydroboom will be used for this operation. Water samples for biogeochemical

measurements will also be collected on each cast. The first cast shall be made to the near bottom (approximately 4800 m). Following this cast, a series of casts shall be made continuously every 3 hours for a 36-hour period, after which a second full-depth cast will be conducted. It is highly desired that this burst sampling be done without interruption and we request the ship to maintain position within the study area for that period of time, repositioning to the center of the Station before each cast whenever possible.

4.2.4. Primary production experiment

Samples for the primary productivity experiment will be collected from the rosette (cast 8). Just before dawn, a second free drifting array with incubation samples will be deployed from the stern. We request the use of the knuckle crane for this operation and will also use the DSE winch. The array is equipped with a strobe light and a radio transmitter (channel 72, 156.625 MHz). The ship shall keep within sight of the array while performing CTD operations for the approximately 12 hour duration the array will be in the water. The array will be recovered around sunset. CTD operations shall continue after the recovery.

4.2.5. Profiling Reflectance Radiometer (PRR)

Around noon on each day a profiling reflectance radiometer will be deployed from the main deck using the starboard crane. This instrument is hand-lowered and retrieved with assistance from the capstan or the DSE winch.

4.2.6. AC9

The Wet Labs AC9 is an optical instrument that measures water column spectral absorption and attenuation at nine wavelengths. The AC9 package also includes a Sea-Bird Seacat with temperature, conductivity, pressure and fluorometer sensors. The package will be deployed to a target depth of 150 m. We request the use of the tow winch and A-frame for this operation.

4.3. Floating Arrays

After operations at Sta. ALOHA have been completed we shall proceed for the recovery of the sediment trap array. We will retrieve the sediment trap array at daybreak. The starboard crane and the DSE winch will be needed for this operation.

4.4 Kaena Point (Station 6)

The final station will be station 6, Kaena Point (21°50.8'N, 158°21.8'W), on the return transit. Here a near-bottom (~2500 m) CTD cast will be conducted before returning to Snug Harbor.

5.0 EQUIPMENT

5.1 The HOT science party shall bring the following:

1. Sea-Bird CTD system, all sensors, deck boxes and computer CTD acquisition systems.

2. 24-place rosette with 12-l water sampling bottles, all spare parts

3. One laboratory vans with assorted laboratory equipment for radioisotope and sample processing work.

- 4. All required sampling bottles
- 5. Type I and Type II water and all required chemicals and isotopes
- 6. Storage van with assorted equipment.
- 7. Large vacuum waste container
- 8. Liquid nitrogen dewars

9. Drifting sediment trap array with strobe lights, satellite and radio transmitters, floats, weights, spar buoy 10. Drifting primary productivity array with strobe light, radio transmitter, floats, weights, polypro. line, spar buoy etc.

11. Plankton nets

- 12. Dissolved oxygen measurement system
- 13. Desktop and laptop personal computers
- 14. PRR, AC-9 & other optical measuring instruments
- 15. Pertinent MSDS
- 16. DSE winch

5.2 We will need from the ship the following:

- 1. A-Frame
- 2. A-frame block assembly
- 3. Knuckle crane
- 4. CTD winch

5. Electric power for winch (440 VAC three phase at 10 amps) and vans (208 VAC single phase at 30 amps for labvan, 110 VAC 10 amps for equipment van)

- 6. Radio direction finder
- 7. Empty freezer and refrigerator in wet lab
- 8. Space on the main deck for one labvan and space on the 03 deck for one equipment van
- 9. Hand-held VHF transceivers
- 10. Precision depth recorder
- 11. Shackles, hooks and lines
- 12. Shipboard Acoustic Doppler Current Profiler
- 13. Underway/on-station data acquisition system for meteorological instruments, ADCP,
- thermosalinograph, fluorometer
- 14. Grappling hooks and line
- 15. Running fresh water and seawater hoses
- 16. Electronic mail system
- 17. GPS system
- 18. Navlink2 PC or equivalent
- 19. Uncontaminated seawater supply

		m	= /1.0	XXX 1				ay, 2004	- 10
TIME	Mon. 5/17	Tues.	5/18	Wed.	5/19	Thurs.	5/20	Fri.	5/2
0000		Arrive A Net tow							
0100		Deploy	sed. traps	Net tow					
0200		S2C1	PO-1	S2C8	PP				
0300						Transit s	ed traps		
0400				Deploy PI Log PRR					
0500				S2C9	Open				
0600						Recover	sed traps		
0700						Transit A	ALOHA		
0800	On Board	S2C2 (start 36	PO-2 5 hrs)	S2C10	PSi			Arrive Snug Full Offload	
0900	Depart Snug Log Licor light								
1000		Net tow		Net tow					
1100		S2C3	MIT	S2C11	Open				
1200	Arrive Kahe Weight cast			PRR AC9		PRR			
1300	PRR	Net tow		Net tow		AC9 AC9			
1400	S1C1 (Kahe)	S2C4	P.PO4	S2C12	ATP	Transit S	St. 6		
1500	Transit ALOHA								
1600									
1700		S2C5	PC/PN	S2C13	Open				
1800									
1900				Recover P End PRR		S6C1	(Kaena)		
2000		S2C6	PE	S2C14 (end 36 hr	HPLC s)	Transit S	Snug		
2100									
2200		Net tow		Net tow					
2300		S2C7	BEACH	S2C15	PO-3				

Sunrise 0550

Sunset 1908 May 19, 2004

HOT-155 Watch Schedule

<u>0300-1500</u>

F. Santiago-Mandujano - Watch Leader
S. Andrioni
K. LaRue
L. Fujieki
B. Watkins
T. Gregory (Chief Scientist)

<u>1500-0300</u>

E. Grabowski - Watch Leader M. Iriondo T. Clemente B. Deschenes X. Murard D. Sadler K. Giles

<u>At-large</u>

C. Sheridan M. Grabowski

HOT 159 CTD CASTS

	Cast	Samples	#Bottles
Kahe]	<u>Pt.</u>		
s1c1	1000 m	O ₂ , Temp, DIC/Alk, Nuts, Chl a, LLN, LLPO ₄ , DOC, FCM, Salts,	24
Station	ALOHA		
s2c1	4800 m (PO-1)	O2, Temp, DOC, DIC/Alk, Nuts, Salts	24
s2c2	1000 m (PO-2)	O2, Temp, Nuts, DIC/Alk, Quay, DOC, Salts	24
s2c3	1000 m	MIT, Salts	14
s2c4	1000 m	PPO4, Salt	14
s2c5	1000 m	PC/PN, Salts	14
s2c6	1000 m	PE, Salts	14
s2c7	1000 m (BEACH)	O ₂ , Temp, DIC/Alk, Nuts, LLN, LLP, DOC, Keeling, Quay, Salts	19
s2c8	1000 m	Primary Productivity, Chl a, FCM, Salts	22
s2c9	1000 m	Salts	8
s2c10	1000 m	PSi, Salts	10
s2c11	1000 m	Salts	4
s2c12	1000 m	ATP, Salts	11
s2c13	1000 m	Salts	4
s2c14	1000 m	HPLC, Chl a, Salts	14
s2c15	4800 m (PO-3)	O ₂ , Temp, Salts	9

<u>Kaena Point</u>

s6c1	2500 m	Open, Chl a Salts	13
------	--------	-------------------	----