HAWAII OCEAN TIME-SERIES HOT- 149 General Cruise Plan

VESSEL: R/V Roger Revelle, Scripps Institution of Oceanography

MASTER OF THE VESSEL: Desjardins

CHIEF SCIENTIST: Thomas K. Gregory, University of Hawaii

MARINE TECHNICIAN: Gene Pillard

Load: June 17, 2003, 0900 HST Depart: June 18; 2003 0900 HST Return: June 22; 2003 0800 HST

1.0. SCIENTIFIC OBJECTIVES

The objective of HOT 149 is to maintain collection of hydrographic and biogeochemical data at the Hawaii Ocean Time-series (HOT) Station ALOHA, our near shore station Kahe Point and Kaena Pt. station. Kahe Point (21°20.6'N, 158°16.4'W) is occupied enroute to Station ALOHA to test equipment and collect nearshore data. Station ALOHA is defined as a circle with a 6 nautical mile radius centered at 22°45'N, 158°W. Kaena Point station (21°50.8'N, 158°21.8'W), will be occupied on the return transit to Honolulu.

1.1 SCIENTIFIC OPERATIONS

<u>Station</u>	Activities
Kahe (sta. 1)	Weight Cast, PRR/TSRB cast, CTD cast (1000 m)
ALOHA (sta. 2)	Sediment traps, net tows, CTD op's, PRR/TSRB casts, primary
	productivity measurements, AC9, misc. experiments
Kaena Pt. (sta. 6)	CTD op's (2500 m)
Underway/continuous	ADCP, thermosalinograph, fluorometry, meteorology

2.0. SCIENCE PERSONNEL

Björkman, Karin	UH/JGOFS
Dafner, Evgeny	UH/JGOFS
Fujieki, Lance	UH/JGOFS
Grabowski, Eric	UH/JGOFS
Gregory, Tom (Chief Scientist)	UH/JGOFS
Sadler, Dan	UH/JGOFS
Sheridan, Cecelia	UH/JGOFS
Kime, Karmin	UH/JGOFS
Schlappa, Karin	UH/JGOFS
Kline, Jena	UH/JGOFS
Johnston, Wayne	UH/JGOFS
Andrioni, Santiago	UH/PO
Bishop, Jediah	UH/PO
Fitzgerald, Daniel	UH/PO
Iriondo, Maya	UH/PO
Most, Rebecca	UH/PO
Santiago - Mandujano, Fernando	UH/PO
Valenciano, Mark	UH/PO
Rii, Shimi	UH/PO

3.0. SUMMARY SCHEDULE

17 Jun.	Ship loading starting at 0900 hrs
18 Jun.	Depart from Snug harbor at 0900 hrs. Science personnel on-board by 0830.
18 Jun.	Station 1 Kahe Pt. operations
19-21 Jun.	Station ALOHA operations
21 Jun.	Sediment trap array retrieval, Station 8 CTD ops.

Return to Snug harbor. ETA 0800 hrs, full offload

4.0. OPERATIONAL PLANS

22 Jun.

4.1. Kahe Point Station (21°20.6'N, 158°16.4'W)

Operations at Kahe station include an initial weight cast to 1000 m, followed by simultaneous floating TSRB and hand-lowered light cast (PRR-600); and CTD cast to 1000 m. After all operations have been completed the ship shall proceed to Sta. ALOHA.

4.2. Station ALOHA (22°45'N, 158°W with 6 nmile radius)

Upon arrival at Station ALOHA a net tow will be conducted, followed by deployment of the floating sediment traps. After the trap deployment CTD operations will begin. As usual the first cast will be to near-bottom, followed by the 36 hr, 3 hr interval "burst" sampling. Interspersed in this time frame are PRR/TSRB casts, primary production cast/array deployment/retrieval, additional plankton net tows, and misc. experiments.

4.2.1. Plankton net tows

A series of plankton net tows will be conducted off the stern. We request the use of the ship's hydro winch and boom for these operations. Hour periods are scheduled at around noon and midnight (see day-hour schedule) in excess of the six required in the event of equipment problems and/or rough sea conditions.

4.2.2. Floating Sediment Trap deployment

The floating sediment traps will be deployed from the center of Station ALOHA. The array will be deployed from the stern using the A-Frame and the JGOFS DSE winch. Power requirement for the winch is 440 VAC, three phase at 10 amps. After deployment we would like to return to the center of Station ALOHA and commence with CTD operations.

The array will drift for approximately 55 hours before recovery. The array is equipped with 2 ARGOS satellite transmitters (platform # 01325 & 01833), 2 strobe lights, and 2 radio transmitters (channel 74, 156.725 MHz). Daily positions of the array shall be transmitted by email directly to the ship. Assistance from the bridge is requested in plotting the drift track of the array. We request the use of the ship's radio direction finder for locating the array.

4.2.3. Water column measurements

Vertical profiles of temperature, conductivity and dissolved oxygen will be made with an instrument package consisting of a Seabird CTD attached to a 24-place rosette with 12 liter sampling bottles. The CTD winch and hydroboom will be used for this operation. Additionally, we will require tracks to bring the rosette into the staging bay for sheltered water sampling. Water samples for biogeochemical measurements will also be collected on each cast. The first cast shall be made to the near

bottom (approximately 4800 m). Following this cast, a series of casts shall be made continuously every 3 hours for a 36-hour period, after which a second full-depth cast will be conducted. It is highly desired that this burst sampling be done without interruption and we request the ship to maintain position within the study area for that period of time, repositioning to the center of the Station before each cast whenever possible.

4.2.4. Primary production experiment

Samples for the primary productivity experiment will be collected from the rosette (cast 8). Just before dawn, a second free drifting array with incubation samples will be deployed from the stern. We request the use of the A-Frame for this operation and will also use the JGOFS DSE winch. The array is equipped with a strobe light and a radio transmitter (channel 72, 156.625 MHz). The ship shall keep within sight of the array while performing CTD operations for the approximately 12 hour duration the array will be in the water. The array will be recovered around sunset. CTD operations shall continue after the recovery.

4.2.5. Profiling Reflectance Radiometer (PRR) and Tethered Spectral Radiometric Buoy (TSRB)

Around noon on each day a profiling reflectance radiometer will be deployed from the main deck using the starboard crane. This instrument is hand-lowered and retrieved with assistance from the capstan or our DSE winch. The floating tethered spectral radiometric buoy will be deployed from the stern at the same time as the PRR cast to obtain simultaneous data streams.

4.2.6. AC9/FRRF

The Wet Labs AC9 is an optical instrument that measures water column spectral absorption and attenuation at nine wavelengths. The AC9 package also includes a Sea-Bird Seacat with temperature, conductivity, pressure and fluorometer sensors. The package will be deployed to a target depth of 150 m from the starboard side. We request the use of the boom and hydro winch for this operation. The slow sampling rate of these instruments requires a winch speed of 10 m/min.

4.3. Floating Arrays

After operations at Sta. ALOHA have been completed we shall proceed for the recovery of the sediment trap array. We will retrieve the sediment trap array at daybreak. The A-Frame or starboard crane and the JGOFS DSE winch will be needed for this operation.

4.4 Kaena Point (Station 6)

The final station will be station 6, Kaena Point ($21^{0}50.8$ 'N, $158^{0}21.8$ 'W), on the return transit. Here a near-bottom (\sim 2500 m) CTD cast will be conducted before returning to Snug Harbor.

5.0 EQUIPMENT

- 5.1 The HOT science party shall bring the following:
- 1. Sea-Bird CTD system, all sensors, deck boxes and computer CTD acquisition systems.
- 2. 24-place rosette with 12-l water sampling bottles, all spare parts
- 3. Two laboratory vans with assorted laboratory equipment for radioisotope and sample processing work.
- 4. All required sampling bottles
- 5. Type I and Type II water and all required chemicals and isotopes
- 6. Storage van with assorted equipment.
- 7. Large vacuum waste container
- 8. Liquid nitrogen dewars
- 9. Drifting sediment trap array with strobe lights, satellite and radio transmitters, floats, weights, spar buoy

- 10. Drifting primary productivity array with strobe light, radio transmitter, floats, weights, polypro. line, spar buoy etc.
- 11. Plankton nets
- 12. Dissolved oxygen measurement system
- 13. Desktop and laptop personal computers
- 14. PRR/TSRB, AC-9 & other optical measuring instruments
- 15. Pertinent MSDS
- 16. DSE winch
- 5.2 We will need from the ship the following:
- 1. A-Frame
- 2. A-frame block assembly
- 3. Hydro winch
- 4. CTD winch
- 5. Electric power for winch (440 VAC three phase at 10 amps) and vans (208 VAC single phase at 30 amps for labvans, 110 VAC 10 amps for equipment van)
- 6. Radio direction finder
- 7. Empty freezer and refrigerator in wet lab
- 8. Space on the main deck for 2 labvans and one equipment van
- 9. Hand-held VHF transceivers
- 10. Precision depth recorder
- 11. Shackles, hooks and lines
- 12. Shipboard Acoustic Doppler Current Profiler
- 13. Underway/on-station data acquisition system for meteorological instruments, ADCP,

thermosalinograph, fluorometer

- 14. Grappling hooks and line
- 15. Running fresh water and seawater hoses
- 16. Electronic mail system
- 17. GPS system
- 18. Navlink2 PC or equivalent
- 19. Uncontaminated seawater supply

SHIP R/V Roger Revelle HOT 149 DATE 18-22 June, 2003

	V Roger Re	vene	HOT <u>1</u>	<u>+9</u> 1	DATE	<u> 18-22 June, 20</u>	<u>U3</u>	
TIME	Wed. 6/18	Thurs.	6/19	Fri.	6/20	Sat. 6/21	Sun.	6/22
0000		Arrive A	ALOHA					
0100		Deploy	sed. traps	Net tow				
0200		S2C1	PO-1	S2C8	PP			
0300						AC9-FRRf		
0400				Deploy P. Log PRR		Transit sed traps		
0500				S2C9	Open			
0600						Recover sed traps		
0700								
0800	On Board	S2C2 (start 36	PO-2 (hrs)	S2C10	PSi	Transit ALOHA	Arrive Snug Full Offload	
0900	Depart Snug Log Licor light	(Start 3)					T dir official	
1000	2 2	Net tow	,	Net tow				
1100		S2C3	PSi	S2C11	Open			
1200	Arrive Kahe Weight cast			PRR/TSR AC9-FRR		PRR/TSRB		
1300	PRR/TSRB	Net tow	r	Net tow		AC9-FRRf		
1400	S1C1 (Kahe	e) S2C4	P.PO4	S2C12	ATP	AC9-FRRf		
1500	Transit ALOHA					Transit St. 6		
1600								
1700		S2C5	PC/PN	S2C13	Open			
1800								
1900				Recover I End PRR	•			
2000		S2C6	PE	S2C14 (end 36 h	HPLC	S6C1 (Kaena)		
2100						Transit Snug		
2200		Net tow		Net tow				
		S2C7	JGOFS-2	S2C15	PO-3			

HOT-149 Watch Schedule

0300-1500

- F. Santiago-Mandujano Watch Leader
- M. Valenciano
- L. Fujieki
- E. Grabowski
- T. Gregory (Chief Scientist)
- M. Iriondo
- S. Andrioni
- K. Schlappa
- K. Kime

1500-0300

- D. Sadler Watch Leader
- K. Bjorkman
- D. Fitzgerald
- S. Rii
- E. Dafner
- R. Most
- J. Bishop
- J. Kline
- W. Johnston

At-large

C. Sheridan

18-22 June, 2003 Ship: R/V *Roger Revelle*

HOT 149

CTD CASTS

	Cast	Samples	#Bottles			
Kahe Pt.						
s1c1	1000 m	m O ₂ , Temp, DIC/Alk, Nuts, Chl a, LLN, LLPO ₄ , DOC, FCM, Salts,				
Station	ALOHA					
s2c1	4800 m (PO-1)	O ₂ , Temp, DOC, DIC/Alk, Nuts, Salts	24			
s2c2	1000 m (PO-2)	O2, Temp, Nuts, DIC/Alk, Quay, DOC, Salts	24			
s2c3	1000 m	MIT, Salts	14			
s2c4	1000 m	PPO4, Salt	14			
s2c5	1000 m	PC/PN, Salts	14			
s2c6	1000 m	PE, Salts	14			
s2c7	1000 m (JGOFS-2)	O ₂ , Temp, DIC/Alk, Nuts, LLN, LLP, DOC, Keeling, Quay, Salts	19			
s2c8	1000 m	Primary Productivity, Chl a, FCM, Salts	22			
s2c9	1000 m	Salts	8			
s2c10	1000 m	PSi, Salts	10			
s2c11	1000 m	Salts	4			
s2c12	1000 m	ATP, Salts	11			
s2c13	1000 m	Salts	4			
s2c14	1000 m	HPLC, Chl a, Salts	14			
s2c15	4800 m (PO-3)	O ₂ , Temp, Salts, WOCE	9			
Kaena Point						
s6c1	2500 m	Open, Chl a Salts	13			